THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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CITY ITEMS.

"Every Saturday"

And the "New York Weekly Magazine," both excellent publications, can be had at Pittock's, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets.

Tickings.

The largest stock and at the lowest prices in the city, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Bates & Bell's

New Goods have been selected with great care A full supply of the leading novelties in the Dry Goods line will be found in their stock at the very lowest prices.

Shawls and Mantles.

White Lama Lace, Rotundas and Points, Black Lace, Mantles, Silk and Cloth Cloaks of the latest designs, Spring Shawls in great variety, at Bates & Bell's, No. 21, Fifth street.

The Large Auction Sale

Of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, at A. Leggate's, 139 Federal street, Allegheny, this morning at 9 o'clock, and will be continued in the afternoon at 2 o'clock. Buyers will find it to their interest to attend these sales.

East Liberty Lots at Collins' Park.

This sale of very desirable half-acre lots has been postponed until next Thursday afternoon, on account of the unfavorable weather. A free excursion train will leave the Pennsylvania Depot at 2 o'clock on Thursday.

Housekeepers

Will find at Bates and Bell's, No. 21 Fifth street, a complete assortment of new goods in embroidered and Nottingham Curtains, Gilt Cornices, Vestibule Laces, Piano and Stand Covers, Napkins, Doyles, Cloths, Towels, Crash, at the lowest prices of the day.

Dry Goods.

Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Muslins, Nankeens, Tweeds, Irish Linen, Table Linen, &c. A very full assortment, and at less prices than you can find them elsewhere. Remember, we are now on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Iron—Phosphorus—Calisaya—

The Three best-known tonics, skillfully and elegantly combined in an amber-colored cordial, beautifully transparent to the eye, pleasant to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, in Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark.

Each pint contains one ounce of Royal Calisaya Bark, and each teaspoonful contains one grain of iron. Samples furnished free to the profession. CASWELL, MACK & CO.,

Sole Manufacturers, N. Y.

Sold by by all druggists. anh23 TuWsSn

An Error Corrected.

Most practitioners and medicine makers, in preparing pulmonary medicines, use ingredients which must be prescribed "not oftner than three or four times per day;" the proper treatment in such cases is to employ a medicine that is safe to use every fifteen minutes—the directions for cough medicines should be "little and often." It is the throat, not the stomach, that requires treatment—this is the secret of the success of Coe's Cough Balsam. Take it, "little and often." In a very short time it has become immensely popular.

Sole agent for Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, is Joseph Fleming, druggist, No. 84, Market street.

Fever and Ague Extinguished.

Mattyas to Intermittent Fever, a word with you. The responsibility for your suffering rests upon yourself. Just stop shaking to-day, or will shake to-morrow. Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters will extinguish the disease under which you labor. Had you taken this genial tonic as a preventive, you would have no need of it as a cure, for it renders the system impervious to all miasmatic fevers. But since you neglected the precaution, rid yourselves without delay of the complaint by resorting to the only reliable remedy. Break the chills with Hostetter's Bitters, and they will return no more. This is the experience of thousands, and it will be yours. Quinine is a slow means of relief; it is nauseous to the last degree; it is more dangerous than the malady itself, in many cases it utterly fails. How different is the effect of the bitters. Their curative action is rapid; they are agreeable to the palate; they are not only entirely harmless, but tend inevitably to strengthen the constitution and prolong life; they never have failed, and it is confidently assumed that they never can fail in any case of Fever and Ague, however inveterate in its character. To be without Hostetter's Bitters in any region infested with intermittent or Remittent Fever is simply to reject safety and court disease.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

Spring and Summer Goods.

The well-known store of Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 98 Federal street, Allegheny, has been lately fitted up with a new assortment of spring and summer goods. The stock has been well selected, and embraces all the numberless articles needed for gentlemen's garments. A large stock of ready-made pants, coats, vests, &c., will also be found in his establishment. His stock of furnishing goods cannot be surpassed. Persons desiring to purchase a good suit of clothes would do well by giving Mr. Weier a call.

Thomas C. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused afte. it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORREST

Humphrey's

Homeopathic Medicines, for sale at Fulton's Drug Store, No. 108 Smithfield street, three doors above Fifth street.

New Orleans and Mexican Advices

NEW ORLEANS, April 23.—The parishes of Baton Rouge, Iberville and Pointe Coupee were overflowed. It is reported that the grand levee at Morganzia is broken.

Rio Grande advices to the 15th state that General Mejia returned to Matamoras, leaving a portion of his forces with General Jeaningras, who is charged with operations against the Liberals. On his return, Mejia fell into an ambuscade during the night, commanded by Canoles and Cortinas, which he penetrated, losing six killed and wounded. The Liberal loss is unknown. Mejia brought in Matamoras a hundred mules loaded with $600,000 in coin. Before Mejia's arrival, it was repor ed, Cortinas came within three miles of Matamoras and hung up two conductors of the train.

It is also reported that Mr. Lamar had procured eighteen pontoons and were crossing their artillery from the American to the Mexican side. This is probably false.

SHREVEPORT, April 19.—Cotton dull; foreign buyers have left. Stock, 1,468. Receipts small. Total shipments since the war, 140,000 bales.

Everything in the Texas trade. The river route has been lessened by cutting a railroad bridge.

General Gregory, of the freedmen's bureau, has been dismissed and ordered to Washington.

Sale of Hospitals Authorized.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The President has approved the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to lease or sell at public auction such marine hospital buildings and lands appertaining thereto as he may deem advisable, excepting the hospitals at Cleveland, Ohio, and Portland, Maine, shall not be sold or leased, where no other suitable or sufficient hospital accommodations can be procured upon reasonable terms for the comfort and convenience of the patients.

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, April 23.—It is now rumored that there is a prospect of reconstruction between the two wings here of the Fenian Brotherhood.

The *Tribune* declares there is no Asiatic cholera in our city, though it had been brought near us by emigrant ships, and is very likely to visit us this summer.

The eminent physician, Joseph M Smith, died here yesterday, aged 77 years.

Navigation Opened at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, April 23.—Navigation has opened here. The brig Farragon sailed this forenoon for Cleveland. The schooner C. V. Johnson has cleared, and, with the bark Northwest, will sail presently. The wind is balmy and wind northwest. Twenty-five miles above here there is no water in sight from the south shore. The canal opens May 1st.

Execution in Richmond.

RICHMOND, VA., April 20.—Thomas Shields, convicted of the deliberate murder of Robert Taylor, was hung to-day in Libby prison. He was unrepentant to the last moment.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

The Reconstruction Committee.

INTERMENTS OF UNION DEAD.

Senate Confirmations.

THE NEW TAX BILL.

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The *Tribune's* special has the following: The amount of fractional currency issued last week was $250,000. The disbursements and transfer of the Treasury Department during last week amounted to $10,348,077 97. The United States Treasurer at present holds in United States bonds in trust as security for the circulation of National banks, $23,578,550, and as for security for deposits in designated Government depositories, $25,014,500; $1,524,900 in National bank notes were issued by the Treasury Department for the week ending April 21st. The following statement exhibits the amount of funds in the vaults of the Treasury at the close of the week ending April 21st: United States legal tenders, $2,48,000; National Bank notes, $998,270; fractional currency of all denominations, including mutilated and unfinished, $1,496,400; gold, $278,852 41; silver, $2,634 40; cents, $500; Reserve Fund, temporary loan, $16,140,000; Reserve Fund, special, $7,000,000; Reserve Fund, surplus issue of United States notes, $37,932,-425. Reserve Fund, surplus issue compound interest notes, $24,671,500; compound interest notes in redemption, $4,990,000. During last week certificates of indebtedness amounting to fifty-nine thousand dollars were issued by the Treasury Department. Fractional currency to the amount of $313,870 was redeemed by the Treasury Department last week. The disbursements of the Treasury last week on account of War, Navy and Interior Departments were as follows: War, $9,883,749; Navy, $1,534,096; Interior, $171,213.

No new national banks were chartered last week. The total number of these institutions now doing business throughout the country is 1,620. The total amount of their notes in circulation is $288,078,940.

Treasury Spinner had in his cash vaults yesterday noon, legal tender notes, fractional currency, gold, silver, and other cash amounting to $6,918,471.

The receipts of Internal Revenue on saturday were $411,418 08, and for the week ending that day $3,464,194 58.

The *Tribune's* special says: The statement telegraphed to New York, on Saturday evening, that the Reconstruction Committee had prepared various propositions for report to congress held yesterday and more fully attended than usual, and it is understood that various constitutional amendments and separate measures of legislation were proposed and debated, but that no comprehensive or complete propositions were discussed and certainly nothing definitely could be agreed upon to report to the House. The Committee will meet again at ten o'clock to-morrow, when the separate propositions submitted by different members may be embodied in form, preparatory to report. The Chairman will soon present the final report of the Committee, summing up the results arrived at in investigation, and recommending some general policy of restoration. It is possible also that this report will be accompanied by a bill or joint resolution relating to the qualifications and status which shall embody the idea of prohibiting the political power of that section from ever being controlled by those who were active in the rebellion.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The Quartermaster-General says he has reports of the interment of nearly one hundred thousand of the dead, a large portion of whom it will be perhaps necessary to remove to cemetries. One million dollars will be required to open the graves, identify and it is recommended that a general system be adopted. Gen. Thomas has issued an order warning the people adjacent upon pain of fine and imprisonment against disturbing the graves of our dead at Atlanta.

The Senate in the Executive session to-day confirmed the following nominations: Benny Clark, of Iowa, to be Commissioner of Indian Affairs; J. R. Rogers, of Missouri, to be United States Marshal for the Eastern district of Missouri; Leopold R. Roeder, of Wisconsin, to be Consul at Stettin.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The report of the Committee in relation to the modification of the test oath, sets forth various reasons for the passage of the acts as rule of public policy in view of the leading part which Federal office holders took in treason and rebellion, and recommends that the rule be adhered to, that hereafter places of trust, profit or honor, should be in the hands of loyal men only. The language of President Johnson, while Military Governor, is quoted in defence of the principle, also the speeches in the Senate in 1861. Neither the President nor the Secretary of the Treasury had any right to dispense with the law such a precedent is dangerous and not to be tolerated. The duty of rebels is to obey the laws.

Mr. Rogers presented a minority report endorsing the action of the President and Secretary.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The *Post's* special says: The Ways and Means Committee expect to report the tax bill to-morrow. The tax on cotton remains at 3 per cent., and on whisky it also remains at two dollars per gallon.

The Judiciary Committee of the House has reported against any modification of the test oath.

The final report of the Reconstruction Committee may be presented towards the close of this week.

The *Commercial's* special says that the Reconstruction Committee took no action this morning, and has adjourned till Wednesday next.

The indications are that the loyal Tennessee members will be admitted to their seats in Congress soon.

THE CHOLERA SHIP VIRGINIA.

Affairs at Salt Lake City.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Nothing later has been heard from the cholera ship Virginia. The cabin passengers of the Virginia are still on board that vessel. They made an urgent request to the Health officer to be allowed to remain, and no danger whatever being anticipated from the ship, which has been thoroughly ventilated, their wishes were granted. The scenes on board the steam ship England, when the disease reached its highest point of mortality are said to have been of a terrible nature. Few on board could be found courageous enough to bury the dead, and despite the entreaties of the Captain they were allowed to remain for some time in the steerage after decomposition had set in. The frequency of the deaths prevented any list of the departed from being kept.

Efforts are now making to secure the receiving ship North Carolina, now at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, for service as a quarantine vessel.

The President of the Board of Health is to consult Mr. Curtis, the Quarantine Commissioner, with a view of having an account of the progress of the disease and a list of the sick and dead furnished daily to the public.

Contemplating the appearance of cholera in this country, the Commissioners of Emigration caused the Castle Garden to be thoroughly cleaned and ventilated.

The committee appointed by the Mayor has commenced its session to insure increased vigilance against the spread of disease.

Health officer Bissell reports from on board the hospital ship Faisom this evening that since his last report ten deaths occurred on board that ship from cholera. Twenty new cases were received on board from the Virginia. Two deaths occurred on board the England, but not from cholera. There are seventy-three cases of cholera on board the hospital ship.

Gen. F. O'Conner, who lately commanded in Salt Lake City, in an interview with Congressmen in Washington, stated that Brigham Young had a thousand men in Utah, capable of bearing arms, and was desirous of driving the United states soldiers out. It is presumed that Congress will augment the force there and change it so as to say that soldiers in that territory may vote.

THE NITRO-GLYCERINE EXPLOSION.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—The Chamber of Commerce have adopted and telegraphed the California Delegation in Congress resolutions requesting, under a suspension of the rules, the passage of a law making it a felony to ship or transport nitro-glycerine within the United States on American vessels.

The California, Oregon and Mexican Steamship Co., will inaugurate a line of steamers between San Francisco and the mouth of the Colorado river on the 15th of May.

The coroner's jury on the inquest held on the bodies of Samuel Knight and ten others, killed by the late explosion, found that their deaths were caused by the explosion of nitro-glycerine contained in a wooden box, which arrived on the Sacramento, on the 13th inst., addressed to W. H. Wells, Los Angeles, and that no mark indicated its character. The jury express the opinion that the shipper of it is guilty of manslaughter and should be prosecuted. The agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Wells, Fargo & Co., of all blame.

From New Orleans—Fearful Crevasse Opened—Whole Left Bank Threatened—Provost Judge in Jail.

FEW ORLEANS, April 23.—A fearful crevasse has opened twenty miles below, at Packard's plantation, an acre and a half wide. The whole left bank below is threatened with inundation, the district is planted with cane. The whole Terre Boeuf country is threatened.

Gen. Banks' Provost Judge is in jail, charged with swindling. Many cotton agents have been arrested, and are applying for a writ of habeas corpus which is refused

Charge of Murder Withdrawn.

BOSTON, April 22.—The charges implicating Dodge, alias Scratch Gravel, in the murder of the Joyce children in Roxbury some eight months ago, have been withdrawn, the investigation showing that he was not in Massachusetts at the time the murder was committed.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

Important Instructions to Our Foreign Ministers.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Among the documents sent to the House relating to Mexican affairs, is one from Secretary Seward to Montholon, February 12th, reviewing the friendly professions of Drouyn De L'Huys.

A former dispatch has the version of the mission of the French soldiers in Mexico, alleging that monarchy was the choice of the Mexican people, and not the dictate of the French Emperor.

"Frank," says M. Drouyn De L'Huys, "went to Mexico to exercise the right of war which is exercised by the United States, and not in virtue of any purpose of intervention, concerning which she agrees with the United States. France went there, not to proselyte but to obtain reparation and guarantees. Being there, she sustains the Government which is founded on the consent of the people. She now wishes to recall what remains of the army at the moment when she will be able to do so with safety to French citizens and due respect to herself."

Mr. Seward replies: "Whatever the motives of the invasion, the means taken for subverting republican institutions are regarded by the United States as unauthorized and contrary to the will of the people. The military demand of satisfaction seems to have become subordinate to a political revolution, for which France is responsible. The United States have seen no satisfactory evidence that the Mexican people have accepted the so-called Emperor, and the withdrawal of the French is deemed necessary to determine that question. If therefore recognizes the ancient Republic and can in no case consent to involve itself directly or indirectly with Prince Maximilian. Its maintenance by European armies with imperial attributes against her will is regarded with apprehension by the American Republics.

Mr. Seward then recurs to this dispatch on the 6th of December, urging the adjustment of the question endangering the harmony and friendship between the United States and France. The United States does not dictate in what way these claims shall be adjusted, but hopes that France may find some way out of it consistent with her honor, and without injurious delay.

To this Drouyn De L'Huys replies that much depends upon the Federal Government to facilitate the withdrawal, and also raises the question as to the compatibility of monarchial institutions on this continent, as witnessed in Brazil, which he declines to discuss, but reasserts the desire for the withdrawal of the French troops.

Mr. Seward says where a nation has established republican and domestic institutions, they cannot be forcibly changed without danger to, and interference by force to subvert them. He then reviews the intestine wars of Mexico, and says: "We cannot approve the infliction of punishment upon them by strangers for political errors. Nations are not authorized to correct each other's errors, or impose discipline, being themselves judges of the occasion and the materials, and even of the necessity. Amity would be uncertain and fallacious." M. De L'Huys concludes from reasoning that the character of Maximilian's government cannot be contested on the ground of employing foreign troops. He points to the beneficent sway of the new Empire and assures the United States we are the most likely to profit by restoration of tranquility. To which Seward replies that no such results could overbalance the injury they must suffer from the overthrow of their institutions. Drouyn De L'Huys sums up that the United States acknowledges the right to make war in Mexico while we admit also the principle of non-intervention. We have stated our views not merely to show our power or inflict chastisement—we hope that the legitimate object of our expedition will soon be reached, and we are strong in the confidence of the Emperor Maximilian arrangements which by satisfying our interests and our honor will permit us to consider at an end the service of the army under Gen. Frank. The Emperor has given an order to write in this sense to our Minister at Mexico. We fall back at that moment on the principle of nonintervention, which we have hitherto accepted as the rule of our conduct. We expect from the Cabinet at Washington, the assurance that the American people will themselves conform to the line which we make, in observing in regard to Mexico strict neutrality.

Mr. Seward proceeds to say that the Emperor knows this form and character of our institutions. The nation can be bound only by treaties which have the concurrence of the President and two-thirds of the Senate. A formal treaty could be objected to as unnecessary, except as a disavowal of bad faith on our part to disarm suspicion in regard to a matter concerning which we have given no cause for our loyalty, or else such a treaty might be refused on the ground that the application for it by the Emperor of France was unhappily a suggestion of some sinister or unfriendly result from the withdrawal of the French, according from Mexico. The diplomatic assurances given by the President in behalf of the nation can at any point of time be objected to as expectations on his part that the personal administration, even changing in conformity to the national will, does not misunderstand the the settled principles and policy of the country.

With this explanation, Mr. Seward says in the opinion of the President, France need not for a moment delay her progress in the withdrawal of the armies from Mexico and putting non-intervention into full and complete practice in regard to Mexico, though he is confident that in the United States will prove unfaithful to the principles and policy, and in that respect which, on their behalf, it has been my duty to maintain in this now long-continued correspondence. The practice of this Government from its beginning, is a guarantee to all nations of the respect of the American people for the free exercise by the people of each of their own rights. We received the instructions from Washington; we applied it sternly in our early intercourse with France. The same principle and practice we have since invariably upheld by all our own statesmen, interpreted by all our jurists, maintained by all our Congresses, and acquiesced in, without political dissent, on all occasions by the American people. It is in reality the chief foreign intercourse in our history, looking simply towards the point to which our attention has been forced by the relief of the Mexican embarrassments, without disturbing our relations with France. We shall be gratified when the Emperor shall give to the Mexican people the same liberty, when the French military operations may be expected to cease. I observe that the Emperor considers the people in every country the rightful source of power, and I find confirmation at the inception of the rebellion. The President neither expects nor desires any intervention or even any favor from the government of France. Whatever he may consent to do he will never involve or even admit foreign interference in this or any other controversy between sovereign and people engaged in, or any other portion of the American people." At another time I wrote to him: "Nothing is wanting to insure success except that foreign relations shall remain as they are, to manage our own affairs in our own way as well as we know how. They will only suffer by the intervention." Again, in dispatches of the 8th of June, 1861, I wrote: "This is an American nation, and its internal affairs must not only be conducted with reference to its own people, but must be settled by and through American agencies alone." On the 21st of June, 1862, Mr. Dayton was authorized to say: "France has a right to make war against Mexico, and to determine for itself the cause. We have a right to insist that she shall not improve the war she makes to raise up an anti-republican government, or to maintain such an one there."

NEW YORK, April 23.—The *Post's* special says Mr. Seward has sent important instructions to Mr. Motley, our Minister at Vienna, in reference to the project of sending Austrian troops to the aid of Maximilian, and a strong protest against such actions will be made.

SEIZURE OF FENIAN ARMS.

Another Expedition on the Tapis.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Arrived the United States steamer Augusta Washington.

An Oswego special to the *Times* states that one hundred and forty Springfield rifles destined for the use of the Fenians were seized last night. It has been ascertained that nine hundred have been sent here, but only three cases have been secured. Two hundred guns were distributed among the Fenians last night. It is said the arms were destined to be used in the Fenian expedition up the St. Lawrence in sailing craft and steam tugs, having for its object the capture of Picton and Belleville and raising of the green flag on a situation almost impregnable against assaults by land and water.

The Gallone Island, in Lake Ontario, is uninhabited, and is stated to have been pitched upon as a place of rendezvous and base of supplies.

The expedition were to move simultaneously from other places on the frontier.

These rumors are given for what they are worth.

CALAIS, Maine, April 23.—Two supposed Fenians while crossing the bridge to St Stephens this afternoon were driven back by order of passage. One of them drew a revolver and fired one shot but without effect. Both were arrested by the guard at the Canada end of the bridge and after a search found that in addition to their baggage the explosion of nitro-glycerine contained in a wooden box, which arrived on the Sacramento, on the 13th inst., addressed to W. H. Wells, Los Angeles, and that no mark indicated its character. The jury express the opinion that the shipper of it is guilty of manslaughter and should be prosecuted. The agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Wells, Fargo & Co., of all blame.

The Gold Captured in Georgia.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—It will be remembered that after the surrender of General Lee, the military in Georgia captured $100,000 in gold, which was claimed by the Farmers' the Exchange, and the Bank of Virginia, at Richmond. Recent investigations of the facts, however, show that a few weeks before the evacuation of Richmond, the Legislature of Virginia passed a law authorizing that gold to loan the Confederate Government, on the faith of the State, $600,000 in gold to purchase supplies for the army. This gold was placed by the respective banks to the credit of the so-called Confederate Government and before the surrender of Lee $60,000 of it was drawn by Jefferson Davis as the rebel Government with these banks at the time of the evacuation. The Government therefore claims not only the $100,000 captured in Georgia, but also the $60,000 additional in the custody of the banks. This is the present condition of the question; the notes of these banks have been bought up with the expectation that the Government would relinquish its title to the $460,000 in gold.

From Nashville.

NASHVILLE, April 23.—The Court Martial met to-day to investigate the case of Isham Henderson. The accused was not present. The Court adjourned till to-morrow. Orders have been sent to the commandant of the post of Louisville to have Henderson brought to this city.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, April 23.

SENATE.

The bill to regulate commerce and postal communications between the several States was called up by Mr. Chandler, and on motion made the special order for next Friday.

The bill to provide for the better organization of the Pay Department of the navy was taken up and passed.

Mr. Wade introduced a bill to repeal the act to cede the county of Alexandria, District of Columbia, to the State of Virginia. Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. Collins offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of providing against the importation, transportation, sale or manufacture of nitro-glycerine in the United States.

The Appropriation bill was considered without action.

After executive session, Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The first business in order was the call of Committees for reports to go upon the calendar. No report was made under this call. The next business in order being the call of States for resolutions, the resolution offered last Monday by Mr. Ingersoll came up, directing the Committee for the District of Columbia to enquire into the expediency of establishing by law the eight hour system in the District. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Bilwell from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad, offered a resolution, which was adopted, providing for an evening session tomorrow, for the purpose of hearing reports from that Committee.

The Parliamentary motion to reconsider and lay on the table so as to shove the matter, having been made by Mr. Price,

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, inquired the object of having a session to-morrow evening.

Mr. Price responded that the Committee on the Pacific Railroad had not been called upon for two months, and to all appearances would not be called for two months longer. It was very important that a report, and by the means suggested it would be, should be had with any other business.

Mr. Washburne thought it would be giving an undue preference to that Committee over the other Committees. The Committee on Commerce had also very important bills to report, and all the Committees had to take their regular turn. Besides bills involving such vast appropriations as the bills reported from the Pacific Railroad Committee were not to be disposed of in an evening session. He demanded the yeas and nays on the motion to lay it on the table. The vote having been taken, resulted yeas 61, nays 40. So the motion to reconsider was laid on the table, leaving the resolution adopted.

Mr. Higby offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Expenditures to investigate certain alleged frauds in the revenue in Boston and New York, the investigation to take place during the recess. Laid over till Monday next.

A resolution was adopted to inquire into the subject of the storage and transportation of explosive and explosive materials, and to report what measures were necessary to secure better protection to life and property; also instructing the Agriculture Committee to ascertain the money value of the seeds and plants distributed by the Agricultural Department, and whether a larger amount could not be procured for the same money from gardeners and nursery men of this country by contract, and what steps are necessary to increase the efficiency of the Agricultural Department.

Mr. Latham introduced the following resolution:

Whereas, The Committee on Reconstruction has reported that the people of Tennessee are found to be in a condition to exercise the functions of a State within the Union; and whereas, by the information received by that Committee and through other channels, it is the sense of this House that the people of the said State are entitled to representation; therefore

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that the Committee on Reconstruction be, and the same is hereby, relieved from the further consideration of all matters pertaining to the representation of the State of Tennessee in this House.

Resolved, That the credentials of the representatives elect from the State be referred to the same and, hereby referred to the Committee on Elections with leave to report at any time, and with instructions to report, as soon as practicable, upon the election returns and qualifications of each of said representatives elect.

The point having been raised, whether the resolution must not go to the Committee on Reconstruction without debate, the Speaker decided the first resolution was in order, but the second was not in order.

Mr. Latham thereupon withdrew the second resolution.

Mr. Conkling raised the point of order that the first resolution was not in order, inasmuch as the question of the admission of Tennessee was not now before the Reconstruction Committee, it having reported it to the House.

The Speaker sustained the point of order.

Mr. Price inquired whether the subject had not been recommitted to the Reconstruction Committee.

The Speaker replied that it had been, but that there was a motion to reconsider pending. The question of the admission of Tennessee was then before the Reconstruction Committee, therefore the resolutions were not in order.

The call of States being completed, the next business in order was the consideration of a resolution offered by Mr. Julian on the 29th of January, which then went over under the rule, declaring that it is the deliberate judgment of this House that the speedy trial of Jefferson Davis, by a civil or military tribunal, for the crime of treason or the other crimes of which he stands charged, and his prompt execution if found guilty, are imperatively demanded by the people of the United States, in order that treason may be adequately branded by the nation, that its infamous, and the future repetition of their crimes as far as possible be prevented.

Mr. Julian moved the previous question on the resolution.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, appealed to Mr. Julian to let the resolution be referred to the Judiciary Committee, which now had the subject under consideration.

Mr. Julian declined to do so, and the House demanded the previous question and ordered the main question to be put.

Mr. Chanler moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Eldridge asked Mr. Julian to modify his resolution by striking out the words "military tribunal," but Mr. Julian declined to do so.

Mr. Bingham appealed to Mr. Chanler to withdraw his motion to lay on the table, so he might move to consider the vote ordering the main question and then move to refer the resolutions to the Judiciary Committee. Mr. Chanler assented to that and withdrew his motion.

The House then, on motion of Mr. Bingham reconsidered the vote ordering the main question during the recess. Laid over till Monday next.

Mr. Wade introduced a bill to repeal the act to cede the county of Alexandria, District of Columbia, to the State of Virginia. Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. Collins offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of providing against the importation, transportation, sale or manufacture of nitro-glycerine in the United States.

The Appropriation bill was considered without action.

After executive session, Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The first business in order was the call of Committees for reports to go upon the calendar. No report was made under this call. The next business in order being the call of States for resolutions, the resolution offered last Monday by Mr. Ingersoll came up, directing the Committee for the District of Columbia to enquire into the expediency of establishing by law the eight hour system in the District. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Bilwell from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad, offered a resolution, which was adopted, providing for an evening session tomorrow, for the purpose of hearing reports from that Committee.

The Parliamentary motion to reconsider and lay on the table so as to shove the matter, having been made by Mr. Price,

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, inquired the object of having a session to-morrow evening.

Mr. Price responded that the Committee on the Pacific Railroad had not been called upon for two months, and to all appearances would not be called for two months longer. It was very important that a report, and by the means suggested it would be, should be had with any other business.

Mr. Washburne thought it would be giving an undue preference to that Committee over the other Committees. The Committee on Commerce had also very important bills to report, and all the Committees had to take their regular turn. Besides bills involving such vast appropriations as the bills reported from the Pacific Railroad Committee were not to be disposed of in an evening session. He demanded the yeas and nays on the motion to lay it on the table. The vote having been taken, resulted yeas 61, nays 40. So the motion to reconsider was laid on the table, leaving the resolution adopted.

Mr. Higby offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Expenditures to investigate certain alleged frauds in the revenue in Boston and New York, the investigation to take place during the recess. Laid over till Monday next.

A resolution was adopted to inquire into the subject of the storage and transportation of explosive and explosive materials, and to report what measures were necessary to secure better protection to life and property; also instructing the Agriculture Committee to ascertain the money value of the seeds and plants distributed by the Agricultural Department, and whether a larger amount could not be procured for the same money from gardeners and nursery men of this country by contract, and what steps are necessary to increase the efficiency of the Agricultural Department.

Mr. Latham introduced the following resolution:

Whereas, The Committee on Reconstruction has reported that the people of Tennessee are found to be in a condition to exercise the functions of a State within the Union; and whereas, by the information received by that Committee and through other channels, it is the sense of this House that the people of the said State are entitled to representation; therefore

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that the Committee on Reconstruction be, and the same is hereby, relieved from the further consideration of all matters pertaining to the representation of the State of Tennessee in this House.

Resolved, That the credentials of the representatives elect from the State be referred to the same and, hereby referred to the Committee on Elections with leave to report at any time, and with instructions to report, as soon as practicable, upon the election returns and qualifications of each of said representatives elect.

The point having been raised, whether the resolution must not go to the Committee on Reconstruction without debate, the Speaker decided the first resolution was in order, but the second was not in order.

Mr. Latham thereupon withdrew the second resolution.

Mr. Conkling raised the point of order that the first resolution was not in order, inasmuch as the question of the admission of Tennessee was not now before the Reconstruction Committee, it having reported it to the House.

The Speaker sustained the point of order.

Mr. Price inquired whether the subject had not been recommitted to the Reconstruction Committee.

The Speaker replied that it had been, but that there was a motion to reconsider pending. The question of the admission of Tennessee was then before the Reconstruction Committee, therefore the resolutions were not in order.

The call of States being completed, the next business in order was the consideration of a resolution offered by Mr. Julian on the 29th of January, which then went over under the rule, declaring that it is the deliberate judgment of this House that the speedy trial of Jefferson Davis, by a civil or military tribunal, for the crime of treason or the other crimes of which he stands charged, and his prompt execution if found guilty, are imperatively demanded by the people of the United States, in order that treason may be adequately branded by the nation, that its infamous, and the future repetition of their crimes as far as possible be prevented.

Mr. Julian moved the previous question on the resolution.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, appealed to Mr. Julian to let the resolution be referred to the Judiciary Committee, which now had the subject under consideration.

Mr. Julian declined to do so, and the House demanded the previous question and ordered the main question to be put.

Mr. Chanler moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Eldridge asked Mr. Julian to modify his resolution by striking out the words "military tribunal," but Mr. Julian declined to do so.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

TAXATION AND REPRESENTATION.

The President, in his late speech to white soldiers and sailors, reiterated his declaration that there should be no taxation without representation. The next day, in addressing black soldiers and civilians, he carefully avoided that point.

The white men to whom he gave the pledge were in no danger of having the right to vote taken from them, while the obligation to pay taxes remained. The black men from whom he withheld the comforting assurance, are compelled to pay taxes, while most of them are prohibited from voting.

Does the President believe in the principle he enunciated? Will he exempt the property of women from taxation, until the right of suffrage is extended to them? If he should succeed in establishing the exemption of women from assessment until made voters, we suspect the only result would be that the titles to immense amounts of property would soon pass from their husbands to them. Would the President exempt the property of minor males from taxation, unless they were allowed the ballot? We believe he would do no such thing. If he would do so, he would do a thing exceedingly absurd in Statesmanship. Would the President exempt the property of aliens from taxation, under pretence that taxation without representation is tyranny? We have too much respect for his common sense to think he would. Then, how does the case stand? Why, he would tax all the white females, all the blacks, all the minor white males, and all the aliens—making in the aggregate at least two-thirds of all the inhabitants of the country—without letting any of them vote; and hold that to be judicious practice, according to sound doctrine. But here are a few hundred thousand white men, who, himself being judge, have committed the "highest crime known to the laws;" and, as criminals, have been deprived of certain of the rights of citizenship—voting and holding office—and he maintains that it is unjust to tax their property until these disabilities shall be removed! The same doctrine could just as well be applied to criminals who have served out terms of punishment in State prisons. There is no reason in it.

All property in a nation is liable to taxation for public purposes. There is no other doctrine a statesman, framing a tax bill, would listen to a moment, or ought to listen to. It makes no difference what the property consists in; whether in houses and lands; ships, railroads and machinery; goods, wares and merchandise; bonds and mortgages; rights and credits; or the aptitudes and abilities, physical and mental, for producing and taking care of property. Of course, government is not bound to tax all sorts of property or all forms of industry. It has the right, and is under obligation, to make large discriminations in imposing taxes; the aim being to stimulate enterprise and acquisition rather than to repress it.

The cry, "no taxation without representation," has had its uses in the controversies by which liberty has been extended. Some memorable victories have been achieved under it; victories of salutary influence on the destinies of the human race. But it is subject to important limitations, which must and will everywhere be enforced.

MR. STEPHENS ON THE BLACKS.

We do to-day what we ought to have done some days ago—call special attention to that portion of the testimony of Mr. A. H. Stephens of Georgia, before the Reconstruction Committee, in which he gave his impressions respecting the condition, conduct and desires of the colored people of the South. Here are the questions and answers:

Q.—Are the negroes generally at work?

A.—Yes, they are generally at work. There are some idle, but this class constitute but a small portion.

Q.—What, upon the whole, is their conduct under the circumstances in which they have been placed? A.—As a whole, much better than the most hopeful looked for.

Q.—As far as you know, what are the leading objects and desires of the negroes at the present time in reference to themselves? A.—It is to be protected in their rights of person and property, and to be dealt by fairly and justly.

Q.—What disposition do the negroes manifest in regard to education? A.—There seems to be a very great desire on the part of the children and younger ones, and with their parents to have them educated.

Mr. STEPHENS will not be suspected of dealing in exaggeration. Indeed, his whole testimony, however much some of the ideas he presented, may provoke debate, bore the marks of earnestness and sincerity.

It is fortunate for the blacks that they have accepted the boon of freedom in a becoming manner, and are devoting their energies to the improvement of their condition. It is fortunate, also, for the country. The change from Slavery to Freedom of four millions of people was so great that conservatives naturally indulged in foreboding as to the result. If the blacks, as a body, had sunk into idleness, run into vicious courses, and manifested a disinclination for the attainment of knowledge, the case would have been deplorable, and have sharpened the edges of the weapons of their enemies against them. Perhaps would have provoked schemes for their re-enslavement. As matters stand, they have, by good conduct, justified the efforts made in their behalf. If they feel that the attainment of still other rights than those they now enjoy is essential to their well-being, they have only to persevere in industry, in sobriety, in study, and one obstacle after another will fall before them, and ultimately they will attain a full equality of rights with their white neighbors.

IOWA'S WAR RECORD.

Adjutant General BAKER, of Iowa, in his annual report for 1866, presents some interesting facts: The entire militia returns of the State for 1865 are 84,017 men. The Adjutant General claims that Iowa furnished 66,814 three years men, equivalent to 138,628 two years men, 200,442 one year, or 267,256 nine months men. The promotions to Major Generalships were as follows: Samuel R. Curtis, Frederick Steele, Frank J. Herron, Grenville M. Dodge. In addition to these, there were other promotions, as follows: 21 Brigadiers, 5 Brevet Major Generals and 16 Brevet Brigadier Generals. Among officers during the war, 145 were killed, 74 died of wounds, 123 of disease, 55 dismissed, 1,391 resigned, and two deserted. Among enlisted men, 3,363 were killed, 8,409 died of disease, 9,777 were discharged for disability, and 40 dishonorably.

THE FENIAN FIZZLE.

A more miserable failure than the Fenian expedition against New Brunswick never excited the contempt of mankind. Those who judged, as most persons outside the organization necessarily did, by the parade of numbers; by the apparent accumulation of money in considerable sums; by the openness with which preparations were made and the purpose avowed; by the running to and fro of agents; by the loud vaunts of irresistible resources; by intimations of connivance on the part of the Washington authorities; and by the confessions made that failure would entail personal disgrace on the leaders and leave a whole race open to impeachment for imbecility and cowardice; that a serious demonstration was concerted, and would be so executed as to evince the highest qualities of manhood, have had occasion to revise their judgments, and to conclude that Fenianism did not embody any of the elements by which great actions are produced.

It is fair to infer, from the facts as they now stand revealed, that the Executive Government at Washington understood the whole case perfectly from the beginning, and that its attitude was superinduced by indifference rather than by acquiescence.

But a sense of the ridiculous mixes with the predominant feeling of contempt. When Gen. KILLIAN was in this city a few weeks ago, at the meeting of the Fenian Congress, he edified gentlemen whom he met in private circles with accounts of a million of men, animated by intensest devotion to their fatherland, cherishing undying hatred to the oppressors of their race, and swearing to lay themselves on the altar of sacrifice that Ireland might be free, or, at least, that Ireland might be absolved from the imputation of faction, unsteadiness, weakness and pusillanimity. He spake oracularly of grand scenes about to open, big events to be developed, of the thrill that would run through the civilized world when his expatriated countrymen, marshalled under the Green Flag, should assault the collossal power of England, humble its pride, wrest Ireland from its hands, and dictate a treaty of peace.

All this stately painting has vanished from the canvass. Instead of a million of men, eager for battle, a few straggling hundreds gather on the border, with scanty preparations, without spirit, without courageous leaders, without a directing intelligence. The grand drama that was promised, sinks into a petty comedy, and this so wretchedly acted that frequent hisses mingle with derisive peals of laughter.

THE FRENCH WITHDRAWAL.

The French Minister at Washington has communicated to our government the intelligence that his master Napoleon III, not simply means to recall his troops from Mexico, but has become a convert to the Monroe Doctrine. He proposes to have his troops retire in three detachments; one next November; another in May, 1867, and the third in November, 1867. From this it is fair to infer that the regiments recently sent home were exchanged for fresh ones, as we conjectured.

Now, it is possible these formal assurances may be carried out in good faith; but we doubt it. If NAPOLEON has really accepted the Monroe Doctrine, he must recede from his engagements for sending Austrian troops to Mexico in exchange for retiring French ones. Austrian intervention on this continent is as repugnant to the Monroe Doctrine, as French intervention.

Besides, if NAPOLEON is actually convinced he is in the wrong in meddling with Mexican affairs, why insist on continuing the wrong eighteen months longer? If he made a bargain with MAXIMILLIAN he had no right to make, that bargain is void by all correct principles of christian morality and civil law. Accepting the Monroe Doctrine, therefore, he is not justified in protracting the occupation of Mexico for a year and a half, hoping in that time MAXIMILIAN will be so firmly seated as to defy efforts for his removal. If his conversion is genuine, he should back out forthwith, and take the Austrian Archduke with him.

Your BONAPARTE'S are slippery customers. Of the old stock there was but one that had any nice scruples about telling the truth. Whoever has read the published letters of the Founder of the BONAPARTE family to brother Joseph, has perceived he exalted lying into one of the chief powers of diplomacy. His nephew is so much like him, uncharitable persons have suspected him of the yet nearer relationship of son to his uncle.

Merchants' Telegraph Company.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE:—I see by the papers that our business men are to be called on to subscribe to the stock of a new telegraph company from this city to the oil regions.

I know nothing of the parties who are getting up this company, and therefore do not intend what I say as a reflection on them; but as "a burned child dreads the fire," I may be excused for reminding my mercantile friends that similar enterprises, begun under most encouraging auspices, have hitherto failed, and to caution them to examine whether this new scheme has any elements of success in it which they had not.

I refer to the "Inland Telegraph" line and the "United States." Both of these were begun under the most encouraging prospects. The merchants of the Union subscribed liberally to their stock and put them into operation on a solid footing. Yet both were failures financially. Neither of them were profitable to the stockholders, and the result was they had to be merged in rival companies.

The question then, is, has the proposed new Company any better prospect before it than they had? If it has not, it can only end as they did, if it ever be begun.

For myself, I very much desire to see competition in this line of business, but I am satisfied that it can never be maintained by a small against a large rival company. It is for that reason that I ask my mercantile friends to pause and consider well the facts before committing themselves to an enterprise that, if my view is correct, is doomed to failure. A MERCHANT

EDITORS GAZETTE:—In the article on the "Basis of Representation" in this morning's *Gazette*, there is a fallacy that should be detected. It is asserted that the provision in the Constitution for counting three-fifths of the slaves in apportioning the representation in Congress, was an inducement to emancipation.

I am one of those who believe that it was a premium for slaveholding. The "all other persons," that is, slaves, of which three-fifths were counted, were a class peculiar to the slaveholding States. The taking of a part of them in the census and not the whole, was no restriction of a right enjoyed by the masters. But the granting of that part was conferring a special privilege. They would doubtless have liked it better if all their slaves had been included in the basis; but they knew that a part was better than none.

The argument is just as strong on the other side. This arrangement said to the non-slaveholding States, establish slavery, and for every five slaves you have you shall have three added to your basis of apportionment. It was, though of course not intended, an inducement to extend slavery. There is not a State that enjoyed this special favor that ever thought the alternative was implied of giving up their slaves and having a full representation. The alternative that they saw in it, and which they sought to obtain, was to have the whole represented as slaves. TRUTH.

ALLEGHENY, April 20, 1866.

THE Cleveland *Herald* says the proprietors of boats forming the line running from Cleveland to Lake Superior ports, have resolved to reduce the rates for passengers and freight.

STATE NEWS.

THE pleasant residence of Isaac Phillips, formerly owned by Hull and Bixler, on Yankee Ridge, East Lackawannock township, Mercer county, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday, the 17th inst. Mr. Phillips and wife after dinner on that day went to Mercer, two and a half miles, on business, leaving their two children at Esquire Hoagland's. On their return, at 5 P. M., they found their house reduced to ashes.

FEARFUL DEATH AT TIDIOUTE.—A shanty was burned on Dennis Run one day last week, and a helpless invalid who occupied it was literally roasted alive. It appears that one of the man's children, a little girl, attempted during the absence of her mother to start a fire. Remembering what she had seen others do, but knowing nothing of the quantity, she threw a quart of crude oil in the stove, and in a moment the place was in flames. The children barely escaped—the man was left to his fate, and soon a few bones only remained.—*Meadville Rep.*

A LIVELY RACE.—Three prisoners who escaped from the jail in Franklin on Tuesday were chased by Mr. George Appelgate, one of the guard at the jail, who caught one and squeezed his windpipe till he dropped and by firing his revolver at the other two, coaxed them to stop. He then led them back to the jail, where they took a new lease of their cells.—*Ibid.*

OUR next door neighbor, Mr. W. W. Kremer, while walking the streets in the suburbs of Danville, about 9 o'clock on Wednesday night of this week, was knocked down by some ruffian or ruffians and robbed of his watch and money. Mr. K. lay insensible until about 1 o'clock. He is considerably bruised on the back of the head.—*Lewisburg Chron.*

HOUSE BURNED.—The house of Thomas Burrows, of Millcreek township, Mercer county, was consumed by fire on Thursday, the 15th inst. The family were at dinner when they first observed it, and it had already made such progress that they could not get up stairs to save anything besides their kitchen furniture.

CHILD DROWNED.—A little child, son of James McCutcheon, of Milton, was drowned at that place on the 9th inst. He had wandered off by himself to the river, and while standing on some logs, lost his balance and fell into the water.—*Sunbury American.*

SHOCKING ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—Early on the morning of the 12th inst., the wife of William Glenn, of Millcreek township, Mercer county, attempted suicide by saturating her garments with oil and then setting them on fire.

WE learn that General C. M. Reed intends erecting a rolling mill near the docks the coming season.—*Erie Gazette.*

GENERAL NEWS

NEW ORLEANS rejoices in vernal symptoms in the shape of strawberries, green peas, new potatoes and new cabbages. Japan plums have nearly passed their season. The suburbs are colorous with the bloom of chinasters and other fragrant trees. The fruit prospects are very encouraging in the country. Meantime, as one of the most conclusive and popular signs of the approach of warm weather, mint julep are in great demand.

REFUSE THEM.—An exchange says—"The State banks of New England, which have been converted into National banks, are by State laws released from obligation to redeem their old State bank notes, after the lapse of a certain time, varying from two to four years. With some of the Maine banks this time has already expired. The bills of all the State banks of Maine should be refused by the public generally."

THE largest distillery on the continent was opened at Louisville, Ky., on the 19th, under the name of "The Kentucky Bourbon Company," incorporated by the State of New York. It is owned by capitalists in New York, Boston and Louisville. Its capacity for distilling whisky is over a million gallons a year, besides an extensive quantity of flour.

SAND PATCH TUNNEL.—A letter to the Somerset (Pa.) *Democrat* says that the operatives on the Sand Patch tunnel, of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad, succeeded in opening the headlings of the tunnel on the 15th inst. The day following the miners were traveling through the tunnel as far as shaft No. 2.

AN attempt was made to burn up the town of Stonington, Conn., a few days ago. Fire was set in five different places, and the parties arrested and bound over for trial are the sons of some of the wealthiest and most respectable families in the town.

THE Mexican *Times* gives the following estimate of the population of the six largest towns of the Empire: Mexico, 200,000; Puebla, 65,000; Guadalajara, 70,000; Guanajuato, 60,000; Queretaro, 45,000; Matamoras, 41,000.

TWO boys were recently playing "war" at Paw Paw, Michigan, with a revolver which was supposed not to be loaded. One barrel, however, contained a charge, and one of the two was shot and instantly killed.

THERE will be a grand celebration at Iowa Falls, Iowa, next Tuesday, in honor of the opening of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad to that place. The next day an excursion train will leave for Dubuque.

THE researches made for oil in Cuba have proved successful, the whole Island being nearly one digging. The oil is the same, as found by analyzation, as the Pennsylvania petroleum.

A SERVANT GIRL in St. Louis, Missouri, who had been accused by her employer and arrested for stealing, brought an action against him, and recovered $1,000 damages for false imprisonment.

A YOUNG lady advertises in the New York *Clipper* for a man who has either means or influence to put her on the stage. Here is an opportunity for some young gallant.

A GENTLEMAN from the Lake Superior country, asserts that snow has fallen there the past season, by actual measurement, to a total depth of seven feet.

A GREAT many of our Southern friends are going North. They feel a curiosity to see what on earth whipped them so.—*Louisville Journal.*

THERE was a heavy thunder shower at Memphis, Thursday night, which did much damage, unroofing houses, blowing down chimneys, &c.

LAKE Pepin is open. The steamer Sucker State went through on the 19th. Navigation on the Upper Mississippi is now fairly open.

THE Boston city government has appropriated $10,000 for the establishment of free salt water bathing places for use this summer.

THERE has been a heavy rise in the river at St. Louis, partly from the Upper Mississippi, but mainly from the Missouri.

THE Gettysburg Railroad Company will build a branch from New Oxford to York, as soon as the line is located.

PERSONAL ITEMS.

OUR New Orleans special reports that General Burbridge had a fight yesterday, at the Custom House in that city, with a Shreveport planter. No blood was spilt, though the General fired three times at his opponent.

MR. E. M. FISHER, a banker in Princeton, Ill., attempted to commit suicide the other day. He shot himself twice in the head, but failed to accomplish his object. Sickness is said to have been the cause of this attempt at self-destruction.

WM. ROBINSON, a native of Exeter, New Hampshire, lately died in Georgia, and left $200,000, the bulk of his property, for the endowment of a seminary at Exeter, for the education of the female children of indigent parents.

DR. HENRY R. FROST, a distinguished Charleston physician and founder of the South Carolina Medical College, died at Charleston on the 7th instant, aged seventy years.

JESSE D. BRIGHT claimed about $15,000 for damages done to his farm during the war. The Indiana Military Auditing Committee has allowed him $9,476.44.

MERCER, with seventy five "anxious and aimless" New England women, arrived at Rio Janeiro on the 10th of February. All well.

JAMES SAGE, a veteran of the Revolution and the war of 1812, died in Oliver county, Ohio, last week, at a very advanced age.

THE ex rebel Commodore J. O. Johnston has become one of the proprietors and editors of the Mobile (Ala.) *Tribune.*

MAXIMILIAN has ordered a magnificent garden to be constructed near his palace, at a cost of $120,000.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Union Republican Voters of Allegheny County, are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, on SATURDAY, MAY 26TH, and elect two delegates from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The Republican voters of that portion of Allegheny county lying in the 23d Congressional District, will, at the same time and places, elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in Convention, at City Hall, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress in said district.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the cities and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock, P. M. In the cities and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

W. M. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
E. W. THOMAS, }

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap26:te

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT. mh9:1md

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh13:6wd

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh23:td&wF

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:d&wF

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh19:te

FOR SHERIFF.

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry. mh21:te

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the coming County Convention. mh20:te

FOR ASSEMBLY.

SAMUEL CHADWICK,

Of Collins Township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap23:te

FOR ASSEMBLY,

MAJ. GEN. J. B. KIDDOO,

Formerly of the 6th and 18th Pa. Vols., and 6th and 7th U. S. colored troops, and wounded severely in front of Richmond, will be a candidate for Assembly before the Republican County Convention. ap21:te

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THE FRIENDS OF

HON. GEORGE WILSON,

Of Pitt Township, will present his name as a candidate for Assembly, before the next Union Republican County Convention. ap17:te PITT TOWNSHIP.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

SAMUEL NEELY, SR.,

Of Manchester, (formerly of Sewickley township,) will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap5:te

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap5:te

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh17:14wtc

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

JOHN G. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. B, 102d Reg't Penn. ap5:te

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 9th Pennsylvania Artillery. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh31:te

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh22:d&wteF

FOR REGISTER,

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Of Plum Township, late of Co. E, 105th Pa. Regt., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County convention. ap19:te

FOR REGISTER,

R. D. HUMES,

Of Tarentum Borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap5:te

FOR RECORDER.

ABDIEL M'CLURE,

Of Mifflin Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap24:te

FOR RECORDER.

J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Union Republican County Convention. ap11:te

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to Incorporate

THE PITTSBURGH GAS SAVINGS COMPANY,"

Approved the 12th day of April, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company at the office of the CASH INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 57 Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

ON THE 21ST DAY OF MAY, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JAMES O'CONNOR,
JNO. W. CHALFANT,
H. BIDDLE ROBERTS,
W. K. MIMICK,
THOMAS SMITH, } Commissioners.

ap21:13md

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, April 16, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the Amendment to said Section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I, DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1866, on and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1866. Said Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's Office until the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST with a deduction of FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT for prompt payment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. There will be no deduction allowed on taxes paid during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first of September. ap5:30td

NOTICE—The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the

ENTERPRIZE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,"

Approved the 27th day of March, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company, on the

19th Day of May, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, in the City of Pittsburgh, Penna.

JAMES O'CONNOR,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
WILLIAM EAGLEY,
C. W. RICKETSON,
JAMES HERDMAN,
H. BIDDLE ROBERTS, } Commissioners

ap18:13md

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, March 23d, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK, Oil City; VENANGO BANK, Franklin, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.

mh29:tf GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—Having this day associated with me my son, W. LEVANCE, we will continue the GROCERY AND TEA BUSINESS, at the old stand, No. 51 FEDERAL STREET, under the style of WILLIAM FRANCE & SON, and would respectfully solicit for the new firm a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon myself.

WM. FRANCE.

ALLEGHENY CITY, April 24, 1866.—ap21:2wd

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry and Machine business, in which we are now engaged, Mr. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well-known firm of J. Nelson & Co., and Stackhouse & Nelson, of this city. HUGH M. BOLE.
HUNTER O&M.

PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1866.—ap16:1md

MEETINGS.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Annual Election for Directors of the

BIRMINGHAM GAS COMPANY

Will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, MAY 7th, between the hours of two and four o'clock P. M. By order

ap18:10td D. ROBINSON, Secretary.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Six good Straw Mil-LINERS Wanted immediately to sew Straw. Apply at the Allegheny Straw Works, 109 Ohio street, Allegheny. ap24:2td

WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out;) CHILD'S PLAYER, FIRST LESSON, (match pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 75 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh12:1y&3taw:MTW

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR!—We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $20, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine. de9:deod&aw1y

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRO-DUCE BUSINESS, of over ten years standing, in a good location in the city. A fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce Business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh. mh22:tf

FOR SALE—10WA LAND—$2,000—ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, (on the line of the Pacific Railroad,) is offered for sale for TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," GAZETTE OFFICE. fe28:tf

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one and a half miles from Wilkinsburg. Eleven acres 126 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath; Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For farther information, call at No. 108 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises. J. S. KING. no7:dtf

FOR SALE,

200 bbls. White Lime;
100 " Calcined Plaster;
100 " Land Plaster;
100 " Hydraulic Cement;
100 " Rosendale Cement,

At 310 Liberty street. W. W. WALLACE. ap6:6wd

FOR SALE—THE PRACTICAL ENGINEER, by John Wallace; second edition; enlarged and improved. About one-half of this edition has already been sold. Every Engineer or man who owns or runs a Steam Engine should have a copy. It only needs to be read to be appreciated. All orders directed to the subscriber, at 310 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. will be promptly attended to. Price per copy, $5.00. W. W. WALLACE. ap6:6wd

FOR SALE ON THE BIG SANDY RIVER.—I offer for sale the MINERAL RIGHT OF NINE HUNDRED ACRES, situated in and on the land of one mile above Peach Orchard Works. The COAL is in abundance, and of good quality. The veins are from FOUR TO SEVEN FEET THICK. Persons wishing to purchase will call at the Kentucky House, Ashland, Ky. Terms cheap and reasonable. Address THOMAS RUSSELL, Ashland, Kentucky. mh23:1md

FOR SALE,

ASHLAND HOUSE.

ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. The Furniture, Fixtures, Good Will, and Four years Lease of the above well-known House. Parties wishing to purchase, will call on or address

BARKER & FARLEY,
Ashland House, Philadelphia.

ap19:tf

FOR SALE.

LARGE LOT.

The First Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of Pittsburgh, (Dr. DOUGLAS, Pastor,) offer for sale their property located on the corner of Plum and Cherry alleys, and but 20 feet from Liberty street. The lot is 120 feet by 145 feet, on which are the Church Building, and a Tenant House of 4 rooms. Inquiries may be made of, or communications addressed to THOS. SMITH, at the Fourth National Bank, or to R. C. MILLER, 135 Third street. ap21:1md

FOR SALE,

A CHOICE RURAL RESIDENCE.

The substantial frame Cottage Mansion on South avenue, near School street, in Allegheny city, with chamber, parlor, dining room, library and a spacious hall on first floor; three light and well ventilated attic chambers, and kitchen and bath room in back building. The view from the front is extensive and beautiful, commanding the three rivers and the city. The surroundings are pleasant, the neighboring houses being of like general style and character, and all having spacious grounds, handsomely ornamented with shrubtrees, shrubbery and flowers.

The horse railway in the rear of the property makes the communication with the business centre easy, thus combining the advantages of a city with the comforts of a country home.

The lot is about 70x274 feet, extending to Rebecca street, is well cultivated, and contains some superior fruit. Apply to

S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
ap23:tf 87 Fourth street, (Berke's Building).

FOR RENT.

TO LET,

A Three-Story Brick Warehouse,

Situated No. 37 Water street, corner Redoubt alley, and running through to First street, the same having been occupied for a number of years by JOHN IRWIN as a Rope Warehouse. Inquire of ROBERTSON & SMITH, at Nos. 59 and 60 Water street. apl1:tf

FOR RENT The Lot on the cor-ner of Butler and Allegheny streets, Ninth Ward, together with the old Brick Depot Building thereon. The lot has 164 feet front by 160 feet deep to an alley. Will lease it for five or ten years. Apply to WM. M. DARLINGTON, at No. 37 Fifth street, second floor. mh4:tf

PROPOSALS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 23d, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at this office until TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 1st, for Grading and Paving the following Streets, viz:

CETO STREET, from Davis alley to Benton alley;
CENTRE STREET, from Perry street to city line;
SHEFFIELD STREET, from Allegheny avenue to Bidwell street;
PERRY STREET, from Chestnut st. to Long lane;
IRWIN AVENUE, from Ridge street to Western avenue;
UNION AVENUE, from Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue;
GRAHAM ALLEY, from Falo Alto street to Webster street;
PIKE STREET, from East lane to Church alley.

Also for Re-grading and Re-paving LEACOCK STREET for 200 feet, more or less, west from Voughlin street;

CENTRAL STREET, from Allegheny avenue to Irwin avenue.

Profiles of the above can be seen at the office of WM. M'HENRY, Esq., Recording Registrar.

ap24:1d R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

PROPOSALS FOR WATER PIPE.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 12, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until MONDAY EVENING, April 30th, 1866, for 6,000 FEET OF FOUR INCH and 500 FEET OF THREE INCH WATER PIPE, (the pipe to be capable of standing a pressure of 200 pounds to the square inch.) The right is reserved to take only half of the above quantity. 1,800 feet 4 inch and 500 feet of 3 inch is wanted for immediate use; the balance will be delivered at such time and place as the Superintendent of the Water Works may indicate.

Bids will be received for all or any portion of the pipe. R. B. FRANCIS,
ap21:130th City Controller.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF LIME-STONE.—The Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company will receive proposals for the supply of

20,000 Tons of Limestone,

Of not less than NINETY-FOUR PER CENT. PURITY, to be delivered in cars upon the Allegheny Valley Railroad, opposite the Company's Works, or at the junction of said road with the Western Pa. R. R., at the Kiskiminetas river. Cars to be furnished by the contractor. Not less than 50 nor more than 100 tons to be delivered per day.

Samples of the stone, and proposals can be forwarded by Express, marked "Penna. Salt Manufacturing Co.," Natrona, Allegheny Co., Pa.

mh26:1md

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

MAGAZINES FOR MAY,
For sale by JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

NEW BOOKS,
For sale by JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

BLANK BOOKS—all styles and qualities,
For sale by JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS
For sale by JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

MAPS! MAPS!! MAPS!!!
For sale by JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

POCKET BOOKS! POCKET BOOKS!!
For sale by JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS—all sizes, styles, prices and qualities, for sale by
JOHN P. HUNT & CO.

GOLD PENS—Foley's, Newton's and John P. Hunt & Co.'s brands; Playing Cards, at greatly reduced prices.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING executed in the best manner, expeditiously and at the lowest rates.

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,
59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

ap20

SMITH'S

AMERICAN INK,

Exactly like ARNOLD'S FLUID, and about one-third cheaper. Give it a trial. It is endorsed by some of the first accountants in the county.

J. L. READ, 75 Fourth street.

mh22

MAGNESIA.

THE BEST

EFFERVESCING

CITRATE OF MAGNESIA,

In 6 oz. bottles, in the form of POWDER, for sale by all Wholesale Druggists. Prepared by

ARTHUR ROGERS, Chemist, N. Y.

ap23:2md

SODA ASH.

SODA ASH.

CHOICE BRANDS,

In quantities to suit purchasers, for sale by

COLHOUN & EDWARDS,
No. 26 Wood street.

ap19:2wd

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WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out;) CHILD'S PLAYER, FIRST LESSON, (match pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 75 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh12:1y&3taw:MTW

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**FOR SALE—10W

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES

Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER.

One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 5-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	1 t. a week	2 t. a week	1 t. a week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 25			
Five times	2 60			
Six times, one week	2 90	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 25			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	3 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	6 00
Six months	27 00	22 00	16 50	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 00	8 50	5 75
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

Cupid on a Rampage Among the Shakers.

(From the Elizabethtown (Ky.) Banner.)

There is a religious society called "Shaking Quakers," composed of men, women and children—the latter said to be orphans gathered from the outside world of unbelievers. The Shakers dwell in communities by themselves, and are noted for their industrious habits, the neatness of their towns, and the plainness of their, attire of domestic manufacture, the men wearing straight-breasted coats and broad-brimmed white hats; the women wearing hoopless skirts of scanty proportions, with a head-rigging of plain hoods without the flowers and fancy finery of the *Gentile* women of the land. The most notable characteristic of the Shakers is the vow of life-long celibacy which all, who enter there, voluntarily take upon themselves. According to their faith they neither mrrry nor are given in marriage.

That sly, little-winged divinity, Cupid, so prone to throw himself in the way of gallant youths and blushing maidens, making in countless instances, "two in twain to be one flesh, is excluded by the inexorable law of Shakerdom from frequenting their villages, and interfering with the felicities of their terrestrial parradise of "single blessedness." But the mischievous little elf lately "caught napping" the venerable bachelors and antiquated maidens of Shakertown or "South Union" in Logan county, Kentucky. One starry night, Cupid slyly entered the the sacred precincts of the Shaker village, and by his pranks with two of the celibates of that establishment has brought to grief the faithful bachelors and steady maidens who linger there. Among the susceptible denizens of Shakertown, was Eugene La Hote, a native of the vine clad hills of France, and Katherine Jones, a decendant of the renowned and respectable John Jones, Esquire, who migrated to this country from "merrie auld England" in 1620, or "thereabouts," and is also a remote kinswoman of the Smiths and Browns of the same classic land. Cupid selected Eugene and Katharine—moderately young and rather comely in appearances, to try his powers upon, and whether they woke or slept weather hoeing potatoes in the field, picking berries in the garden, shelling corn in the barn, or plying needle in "the lady's chamber," Cupid was persistently whispering into their guileless hearts, honied words of a higher felicity in the outer world than that of a life of celibacy in a Shaker village. Eugene and Kathrine heeded the seductive words of the temter in their terrestrial Eden, and mutually resolved to fly from the restraints of Shakerdom and commit matrimony. How they escaped we shall not attempt to recount, but they demonstrated the truth of the adage that "where there is a will there is a way." With their all of this world's goods snugly packed in a few trunks they found themselves on a train of cars, northward bound, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and fearing "the old folks at home"—the enraged bachelor and maids, "*Parients*" of South Union—would intercept them at Louisville by telegraph, and put a stop to their matrimonial resolves, they stepped off at this place, and aided by clerk and clergyman executed their rash design, and ceased to be Shakers, though, true to humanity, they *shook* a little, while the nuptial knot was being tied around their wedding revels. We are authorized to make the following announcement:

Married—At Elizabethtown, Ky., March 29th, by Rev. W. W. Louhuth, M. D., Mr. Eugene La Hote to Miss Katharine Jones, both recently residents of the Shaker village South Union, Logan county, Ky.

The ceremony was performed in the parlor of the Eagle House, in the presence of a few witnesses. An eager crowd assembled to witness the novelty of a Shaker wedding, but the modesty of Eugene and Katharine revolted at the idea of their becoming a public exhibition, and, at their request, the disconsolate crowd was withdrawn. The ceremony ended, Eugene remunerated the officiating clergyman with a respectable fee in greenbacks and silver coin, and seven-fold rewarded him with a profusion of thanks from himself and bride.

The happy pair departed on the next train, intending to take up their abode on one of the prairies of Illinois, where they hope to find "love in a cottage" more remunerative in bliss than "single blessedness" in a Shaker village.

PLUMBING, &c.

WOOD PUMPS;

ALL KINDS OF

IRON PUMPS,

HYDRANTS,

Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc,

LEAD PIPE,

BATH TUBS SINKS, WATER CLOSETS

WASH BASINS, WASH STANDS,

Hydraulic Rams.

Brass Work of all kinds; Block Tin Pipe, Fountains, all kinds of Gum and Leather Hose; Hose Pipe, Couplings; Gas Pipe and Fixtures, of all descriptions kept constantly on hand at

Addy, Williams & Bartley's

CORNER SIXTH AND SMITHFIELD STS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALSO

BEAVER STREET, MANCHESTER

NEXT TO POST OFFICE

N. B.—All kinds of repairing done promptly. All orders by mail immediately attended to. Ja1:ed&m&eicowsn

T. T. EWENS.....WM. LONDOGEN

PLUMBING, GAS AND

STEAM FITTING,

HYDRANTS, IRON PUMPS,

SHEET LEAD, SHEET ZINC, LEAD PIPES, SINKS, BASINS,

WATER CLOSETS AND WASHSTANDS,

EWEN'S & CO.,

(Successors to Addy & Ewens.)

Ja8:17eod No. 105 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

T. T. EWENS.....WM. LONDOGEN

STEAM FITTING,

Plumbing and Gas Pitting.

FORCE PUMPS, FOR ENGINEERS.

IRON PIPE & BRASS WORK,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

EWENS & CO.,

Successor to Addy & Ewens,)

105 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

T. T. EWENS.....WM. LONDOGEN

GAS FITTING,

PLUMBING AND STEAM FITTING.

SMOKE BELLS,

Portable and Cigar Lighters,

EWEN'S & CO.,

(Successors to Addy & Ewens.)

Ja3:17eod No. 105 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYER'S PILLS—Are you Sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings unconfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous disturbances. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they correct, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Miasmata of vast malarious countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without rendering the patient sick. It contains no quinine or other deleterious substance, but does it produce quinism or any injurious effect whatever. Shaking brothers of the army and the west, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer, M. D., Lowell, Mass., and sold by R. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO. & Co., and by all Druggists. mh16:2m&W&F

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH

THE ORIENTAL MAGIC TONIQUE,

THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE:

TURKISH BANDOLENIAN.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling, restore it to its original color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in place? This *Retrouvey's Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to thousands who have used it in all climates, and to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name, in Turkey, in France, in England, in fact in any country where the "Bandolenian" is known—it is pronounced the *par excellence* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the extract of pure vegetables and herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale, by R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

Principa Depot for United States and Canada,

JAMES PALMER & CO.,

No. 69 Market street,

de18:3med&eowT Philadelphia.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, COPPER BOILERS. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 18, FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my7:3m&W&T

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other Saws.

All Kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Finest Cast-Steel. Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SMITHFIELD STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap5:1y

WM. HARNHILL & CO.

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, 45x150 feet, in with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, GRATE BARS, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SPIRAL PANS and all manufactures of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de8:1y

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MILLER & MILLIKEN,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GRATINGS, &c., No. 68 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. au2

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,

OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman, having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellowcreatures the means of cure. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve others as he himself has suffered, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to DR. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh11:lyd&wT

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet

of immense importance to the old and young, married and single. Both sexes will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 75, Boston Post Office. mh26:1y&W&Sw

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Sexual and Seminal System. Address Dr. J. SKILLES HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap21:1y

SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER & BAKER'S

SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1865:

First Premium for best Machine work at Penna State Fair.

First premium for best Machine work at New York State Fair.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Ohio State Fair.

First premium for best manufacturing Machine Ohio State Fair.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Michigan State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Wisconsin State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Machine for gene'al purposes, at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Buck County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Bucks County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Spring field Fair, Ohio.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Suffolk County Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Schuyler County Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Machine for all purposes at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine, Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Machine work at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

And wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,

GENERAL AGENT,

oct7:eod&m No. 18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES,

For Families and Manufacturers.

After twelve years trial, it has been demonstrated that the LOCK-STITCH is the only stitch suitable for every variety of sewing.

CALL AND EXAMINE AT

THE WHEELER & WILSON

SALESROOM,

No. 27 Fifth Street.

WM. SUMNER & CO.

ap11

SHAW & CLARK'S

IMPROVED

SEWING MACHINES.

40 Machines

SOLD IN TWO DAYS.

Are manufactured without any complicated machinery, and therefore are not liable to get out of repair, and are perfectly adapted for every description of Family Sewing and Tailoring. We do not class our Machines with cheap machines, as we have taken of Patents prizes.

They HEM, FELL, STITCH, BIND, EMBROIDER, QUILT Licensed to Hower, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Bachelder.

All of our Machines are warranted five years.

AGENTS WANTED.

R. H. LONG, Agent,

112 Grant street, near Fifth,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

mh16:3meod

$25 **BARTLETT** $25

SEWING MACHINE.

Licensed under patents of Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer Co.'s, and the only Cheap Machine in the United States, having the right to use the Wheeler & Wilson or four motion Under-Feed.

We want Agents to sell them. Will pay $50 or $200 per month, or allow large Commissions. Will send Machines, to be paid for when sold. For Circulars, terms, &c., enclose stamp, and address

PAGE BROTHERS, GENERAL AGENTS,

At either of our Offices, Philadelphia, Pa., Toledo, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

Sews with double or single thread.—*Scientific American.* mh28:1md2mwF

DENTISTRY

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Corner Kelly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and [illegible] Streets, Allegheny City. Dr. A. [illegible] Gases. [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....ADDIE LESLIE.

Last night but two of the great and original Tragedian,

CHARLES DILLON.

Who will appear, by request, in his unapproachable character of BELPHEGOR.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 24th, will be presented the beautiful play, entitled

BELPHEGOR, THE MOUNTEBANK.

To conclude with the splendid Comedy of

A Day After the Wedding.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, BENEFIT OF J. Z. LITTLE.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Brilliant success of Pittsburgh's Favorite Actor,

EDWIN ADAMS.

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, will be presented

Wild Oats.

Rover.....Edwin Adams.

To conclude with

COUSIN JOE.

THE CHAMPIONS ARE COMING!

COTTON & MURPHY'S

California Minstrels,

Brass Band & Burlesque Opera Troupe

This talented Company, pronounced by the Press and Public to be THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA, will open

AT MASONIC HALL,

For ONE WEEK ONLY, commencing MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 23, 1866.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Doors open at 7; commence at 7½ o'clock.

Matinee Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock; admission 25 cents to all parts of the house.

H. F. FARMELEE, } Agents.

ap17:6fd O. UNDERWOOD, }

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Liberty Street.

MANAGERESS.....Mrs. ETTIE HENDERSON.

This elegant establishment will open for the Opera Season, on

Monday Evening, April 30th,

WITH

LEONARD GROVER'S

GRAND GERMAN

OPERA TROUPE.

The following celebrated Artists will have the honor to appear:

Mad. Johanne Rotter, Mad. Bertha Johannsen, Mlle. Elvira Maddi, Mlle Sophie Dziuba, Mad. Beyer, Mad. Pichiatri, Mlle Leonore, Mlle Rosalie, Mlle Von Ernheim, Franz Heimner, Theodore Habelman, Joseph Hermann, Joseph Wemlich, Otto Lebman, Joseph Zinheim, John Armand, Wilhelm Formes, Heinrich Steinecke, Albert Rotter.

Assisted by a CHORUS OF 30 PERSONS and an ORCHESTRA OF 25, making the most complete Operatic Troupe ever organized. The Wardrobe, Properties, &c., will be direct from the Academy of Music, New York, the new and magnificent Scenery, by Mr. Jas. Lamb and assistant Artists of eminances, by Mr. N. C. Garland; Machinery, Chas. Crosby.

During the season the following Operas will be given:

Martha, Era Diavolo, Stradella, Don Giovanni, Faust, William Tell, Les Huguenots, Der Freischutz, Daniel Rinaldo, Magic Flute, Robert Le Diable, Night in Grenada, Der Freischutz, Martha, Barber of Seville, Merry Wives of Windsor.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Private Boxes	$12 00 each.
Second seats in Parquette and Dress Circle	1 00
Admission to Parquette and Dress Circle	75
Family Circle	50
Gallery	25

A separate box for colored persons will be reserved in the Gallery. Entrance to Parquette, on Liberty street, between Smith and Hamilton streets; Liberty street and Strawberry alley, entrance to Gallery, on Strawberry alley.

Seats can be secured at C. MELLOR'S Music Store, or H. KLEBER & BRO.'S, Wood street.

GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON. ap24:1d

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING

AT

PROF. COWPER'S

Fashionable Dancing Academy.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street. Days of Tuition, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY. Ladies, Masters and Misses, three (3) P. M. Gentlemen's Class, eight (8) in the evening. Wilkins Hall to rent when disengaged by classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall. mh27:tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.

WILKIN'S HALL.

This large enough, and not too large by twice—is central in location, and moderate in price.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is best adapted for Concerts, Lectures, Balls, &c., and Select Parties will find that the floor is nicely waxed, and is the best and cleanest dancing floor in the city. Terms reasonable. Apply to

PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

NEW GOODS.

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Ladies', Gent's, Misses', and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

OF ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

JUST OPENED AT

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,

61 Market Street.

ap18

SECOND LARGE ARRIVAL

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

Boots, Shoes,

GAITERS AND BALMORALS,

At Lower Prices than last Month.

Call early to-day and procure bargains, at the old stand of

J. H. & W. C. BORELAND,

No. 98 Market Street,

Second door from Fifth. ap21

92 FEDERAL STREET.

$20,000 WORTH

OF THE

Latest and Best Styles of

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, &c.,

Bought at Panic Prices for Cash.

And to be sold immediately at a small advance. Dealers and the public generally are invited to call and see the stock.

W. K. McCLINTOCK,

ap20 92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market Street, near 5th

Second large purchase of BOOTS and SHOES this Spring. We keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of Boots and Shoes, selected with the utmost care for this market. We invite special attention to our stock, as we believe it to be the best in the city, which we will sell at the lowest prices. Please call at No. 89 Market street. Having had over thirty years experience in the business, you cannot fail to be suited. Remember the place, No. 89 Market street. (ap16) JAMES ROBB.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

No. 88 Market Street,

Have now on hand an extensive assortment of LADIES', MISSES', BOY'S and CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals,

&c., &c., &c.,

Which they can and do sell as cheap as any other house in the city.

Call and examine, at No. 88 Market street. ap21

$9,00 WHO CAN $9,00

BEAT THIS.

For TWO WEEKS ONLY, I am selling a GOOD FRENCH CALF SKIN BOOT for the small sum of NINE DOLLARS, at No. 36 Market street.

ap13:2wd DANIEL SHEA, Jr.

SEED WHEAT.

SPRING WHEAT FOR SEED.

Important to Farmers.

We have a small lot of very superior MINNESOTA SPRING WHEAT, selected with great care, and suitable for SEED. As the season for sowing Spring Wheat has nearly arrived, persons desirous of securing good seed would do well to apply soon, as the supply is limited.

HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

mh21 mwf&wT

GOLD WALL PAPERS—At low prices, for Parlors and Chambers, for sale by mh16 W. P. HASKELL.

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE,

A SMALL FARM of 30 acres, situate in Baldwin township, Allegheny county, Pa., 5½ miles from the city, on the Brownsville road. The improvements are a large two-story Frame House, with 10 rooms; double log stable and tenant house; never-failing water (cast at the door; a Bank Barn, 60 by 30 feet, and other out-buildings; a garden of excellent soil, containing one half acre, planted with all kinds of dwarf fruit and vines; fruit of every kind; about 200 or 300 trees of best quality of grafted fruit. The soil of the whole farm is good. The very best of fencing; a beautiful lawn in front, planted with shrubbery and trees. For a country residence it is not surpassed, and for a profitable investment there is no question.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river, immediately below Lock No. 3, on which is erected a large two-story Brick Dwelling House, one log and one Frame Bank Barn, corn-crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, work shop, &c. About 30 acres of the above is first quality river bottom; the balance being limestone land, and under laid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. There are two orchards of apple trees, in good bearing condition, and a number of peach and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth. There is also on it a never-failing spring of water, and about one acre to wood. The improvements consist in part of a neat 1½ story Brick Dwelling with two additions, large and handsomely built Stable, an out room for coal, &c., and a first class tenant house and stable. There is also a few feet of the kitchen door, and all is under excellent fence. For particulars, price, terms, &c., enquire of R. McLAIN & CO.

FOR SALE.

POSSESSION GIVEN APRIL 1st.

A Delightful Residence in M'Clure Tp.

The Lot is in the highest state of cultivation. Two good Springs on the premises.

For terms, enquire of

JAMES T. SAMPLE,

Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent,

mh24 No. 86 Federal street, Allegheny.

COAL AND LIME PROPERTY

FOR SALE—On the Steubenville Railroad, seven miles from the city,

CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX ACRES,

Steam and Water Flouring and Saw Mill, and other fine improvements.

Also, 40 Acres of COAL, without the Surface, adjoining the above.

Also, 200 Acres on Stewart's Station, on Central Railroad, containing 75 acres and 125 a res.

For further particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM WARD,

(Opposite the Cathedral.)

No. 110 Grant street.

feb13

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE

—AT—

LONG ARRIVE OF LAND.—That nearly new two-story BRICK HOTEL Building, containing rooms, at BRINTON'S STATION, on the Penna. R. R., about 10 miles from the Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R., 11 miles from the city. There are about 180 acres of land connected with the Hotel, of which 150 acres are tillable and 40 acres timber. There is a good young Orchard of apple, peach and pear trees in full bearing, and a never-failing spring of sufficient elevation to carry the water to a height of 100 feet. The property is capable of sub-division into lots for country residences. Apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

mh12 S. Fourth street, (Burke's Building.)

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COAL LAND.

Will be sold TO-DAY at reduced prices. This tract is situate in Westmoreland county, Penna., on the North Side of the Pennsylvania Railroad, about five miles east of Apollo, Pa., and contains two very large veins of COAL, PRESTON'S and FIRE CLAY and very complete LIME POWER.

For further particulars inquire at the Law and Claim Office of

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,

de13 No. 144 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LOTS

FOR SALE IN THE NINTH WARD.—Bounded and described as follows: Begining at the corner of Lumber and Liberty streets; thence along Liberty street 200 feet to the corner of Carroll street; thence along said street 100 feet to Spring alley, opposite the Outer Depot Works. The above is well suited to erect a large manufacturing establishment or to subdivide into suitable building lots, having the advantage of four fronts. Apply to

ap20 R. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth st.

VALUABLE FARM AND SAW

MILL FOR SALE—Contains 265 acres, 100 of which are under cultivation; 45 acres in fine timber; balance White Oak; a large Mansion, good saw Mill in complete order, capable of turning off 5,000 feet per day; two Tenant Houses, Barn, good Orchard; underlaid with Coal and Ore; situated in Pine Township, Indiana county, 3 miles from Ninevah Station. Offered cheap and on easy terms. Apply to R. McLAIN & CO.,

ap11 No. 122 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—One Lot 20 feet front

on Penna. Avenue by 110 feet to Watson street; two-story Brick Dwelling on rear of lot.

Also, one lot 20 feet front on Summer street, Pitt township, by 100 deep, on which is erected a two-story Frame Dwelling.

Also, eleven lots adjoining the above, 20 by 80 to 100 feet.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

Stock and Real Estate Broker,

ap2 No. 102 Fourth street.

DWELLING FOR RENT. A three story Brick House of modern build, and conveniently arranged, containing nine rooms and bath room, centrally and pleasantly located between the St. Clair Street and Hand Street Bridges, in Allegheny City.

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

ap17 57 Fourth street, Bakewell Building.

FOR SALE—A large and well finished Mansion House of 15 rooms, wide halls, high ceilings, well of water, cistern, garden and fruit trees, situate near Pa. Avenue, this side of Soho Run, overlooking the Monongahela river. Possession can be had at short notice. Will be sold on easy terms, by

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

51 Market street.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE

STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 1 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water and gas throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable properties for dwelling or boarding houses ever offered for sale. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

ja31:tf R. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Smith township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, at Midway Station, about 21 miles from the city. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises. ja26:tf

FOR SALE—A two-story Brick

Dwelling of 7 rooms, hall, and vestibule, three years built, with lot 42 by 120 feet, situate on Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, all in complete order. For further information, terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of C. S. BATES,

mh2 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—Four 2-story Frame

Dwellings, on Fayette street.

Also, Four Lots on Watson street, 20 by 112 feet to Forbes street.

JOHN D. BAILEY,

Stock and Real Estate Broker,

ap2 No. 102 Fourth street.

$1,300 CASH will purchase a new Cottage House of seven rooms and cellar, and large Lot 100 feet front on Bertha street, by 174 feet deep on Leslie street, Mount Washington (Soho) in fruit and shade trees, vines, etc. Immediate possession. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

No. 51 Market street.

CHEAP BUILDING LOT FOR

SALE in the Seventh Ward, having a front on Dinwiddie street of 16 feet, and extends back along the line of Reed street 100 feet; well situated for a large manufacturing site. Will sell at a low price on terms. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

FOR SALE—500 acres of heavy Timber Land in Snyder township, Jefferson county, which we offer at the low price of $6 per acre.

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

320 ACRES OF LAND in Bollinger county, Missouri, is offered at $5,00 per acre. Apply to (mh18) B. McLAIN & CO.

ARCHITECT.

JAMES M. RALPH,

ARCHITECT,

Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of Buildings, and superintends their erection, on reasonable terms.

Office on ANDERSON STREET, between Lacock and Beaver streets, ALLEGHENY CITY. ap21

LICENSE LIST.

FOURTH LIST of APPLICATIONS for Selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office up to April 19th, 1866.

	KIND.	PLACE.
Geo. Davison	Tavern	1st Ward, Pittsburgh.
John Dietrich	do	do do
John Grabenhahl	do	do do
Daniel McCafferty	do	do do
Thomas Welsh	do	do do
Nancy Nicholson	do	do do
Gottlieb Mashey	do	do do
Henry Hespenheide	do	do do
Thomas Thornton	do	do do
Sampson Kerr	do	do do
Caleb Bonnett	Eating House	do do
Jno. A. Johnson	do	do do
Jno. Rodgers	do	do do
Frederick Evert	other goods	do do
A. Guckenheimer & Bros.	do	do do
Joseph Spencer	Tavern	2d do
John Mulherron	do	do do
Charles Hartman	do	do do
Henry Bender	do	do do
Owen Corcoran	do	do do
Frank Baehr	Eating House	do do
T. D. Datz	do	do do
Francis McLaughlin	Tavern	3d do
Patrick Gallagher	do	do do
Robt. Love	Eating House	do do
Joseph Bulch	other goods	do do
A. H. Riesmyer	do	do do
Jno. A. Reily	do	do do
Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 2 miles from the town of Beallsville. The improvements are, first, a two story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a log house 60 by 26 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quinces, cherry, &c., 80 acres cleared, and in good timothy meadow. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduction.		
Also, a Farm of about 120 acres, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland Co., Pa. The improvements are a two story Brick Mansion House, a log barn and a tenant house, a good apple orchard, peaches and cherries; about 80 acres cleared, the remainder in timber very best white oak timber. The land is good. The location is very healthy. This property I will sell very cheap. Possession immediately.		
Also, at gold prices, a Farm of about 65 acres in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about one mile west of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a two story log and frame house, with 6 rooms, wagon shed and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of apple, peach and other fruit trees; all acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone; convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. This property I will sell on accommodating terms.		
Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situated in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a large two-story Frame House, with 6 rooms, a large frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib wash house, bake oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach and other fruit trees.		
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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO., Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with despatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY, April 23, 1866.

Gold has undergone but little change for two or three days, fluctuating between 125½ and 126¼. Government bonds steady but without material change—1881's, 106¾; 5-20's, 105; 10-40's, 93½; 7-30's, 101¾. Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad stock sold in New York to-day at 81¼, and Fort Wayne & Chicago, 95@97½. In our local stock market, therefore but comparatively little doing. Bank shares are steady, while government bonds are in good demand and firm.

The following is the business transacted at the Pittsburgh Clearing House for the week ending Saturday, April 21, 1866:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
April 16	$584,570 32	$115,377 89
April 17	258,271 74	98,106 34
April 18	347,811 51	84,635 02
April 19	328,835 01	63,526 76
April 20	253,956 77	81,002 75
April 21	284,912 07	82,864 33
	$1,906,357 42	$545,513 68

—According to the New York *Herald* a large number of petroleum stock brokers have "gone up" in that city recently. The *Herald* says:

"In reality there never was any soundness to most of them. The whole petroleum stock jobbing business has been unsound from the beginning. Petroleum is a legitimate article of commerce; it possesses a real and substantial value, the same as flour, beef, pork or any other commodity in general demand. To give the interest a fictitious importance through the agency of a special board is, and always will be an absurdity. There are a number of sound companies composed of intelligent and honorable men, engaged in developing the oil territory of the country, paying in the aggregate, over three millions per year to the national treasury. The stock of these companies do not need either bulling or bearing to give them consequence, or bring them into notoriety among stock jobbers. The rotten concerns are going to smash every day, and the sooner the better. It will be for the benefit of the sound companies, and for the ultimate advantage of the revenue of the country."

—Forged warehouse receipts have again been discovered in Chicago. We extract the following particulars from the *Evening Journal* of Saturday:

"A few weeks ago we chronicled the discovery of forged warehouse receipts for No. 1 Spring Wheat in Munn & Scott's Elevator. We have now to notice another appearance of these spurious documents. It appears that on Thursday last a man representing himself to be Harris Wilson, of Windsor, Canada West, was introduced to Mr. Joseph McDonald, commission merchant doing business on Lake street, and informed him that he had in his possession Northwestern Elevator receipts for 4,300 bushels No. 1 Spring, and three car loads of No. 2 Spring, making in all about 5,000 bushels, upon which he had advanced $2,000; he wished Mr. McDonal to take charge of them well though—day—he so instructed him by telegraph from Detroit, to which place he was going the same evening. Yesterday Mr. McDonald received a dispatch ordering him to sell the wheat, which he did in the regular way on 'Change. The parties who bought the receipts took them to Messrs. Munn & Scott, who pronounced them forgeries, not, however until an order had been handed in for the buying of the No. 2 wheat—so well were the counterfeits executed. No advance was made by Mr. McDonald on the receipts, as he had instructions to send the account of sales and money by express to Windsor, C. W. Luckily the discovery was made in time, and measures will no doubt be taken to arrest and bring back this Harris Wilson to answer the charge."

—The Reno Oil Company has retired from business. A circular from the subscription agent says: "The executive committee of the company have deemed it best to withdraw the stock from the market, Mr. C. V. Culver, the projector of the plan, being so largely interested and connected with it, that the suspension might embarrass the company's operations. The money received for subscriptions and operations, the committee declare, has been returned."

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 23, 1866.

The following is the report from the Jobbers' prices, New York dry goods Exchange, April 23d:—The Market opens this week with a falling off in many leading styles of domestic goods. Black silks are quiet, with the stocks on hand. Notions and fancy goods are rather dull and downward, and jobbers are anxious to sell their stocks at considerable concessions, and country merchants are now make good terms. Sheeting and shirting, brown—Amoskeag A, 36, 25 do; B, 36, 25 Appleton, 36, 25, Atlantic A, 37, 29; Augusta, 36, 21—Bedford, 36; Dwight A, 36, 21, Great Falls M, 36, 28; Howard A, 36, 22; Indian Head 36, 25. Sheeting and Shirting, bleached—Bailou & Son 36, 28, Bartlett 36, 31, Bates' A 3, 36, 40; do E 36, 30; Bay Mills 36, 28; Canoe 27, 15; Columbia A 32, 25; Forest Dale 36, 34; Harris No. 1 36, 30; Hope 36, 30; James 36, 29; Langdon 42, 32; do, 36, 30—Ladies' Sucking—Tolcester, $1,65; Middlesex, $1,55; Salisbury, $1,40; Washington, $1,65; Garibaldi Repellants, $1,25; Excelsior, $1,60; Forest Mills, $1,85.—Hoop skirts—Thorndike's Patent French Elastic Springs, 8 dozen hoops, 75@$1,00; Boulevard Trail, $1,00@1,20; Woven Zephyr, 35c; Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, 87½@$1,25; do Empress Trail, $1,35; Mode, 87½@$1,25; do wide tapes, 6cc@$1,12; do narrow tapes, 43@75c. Denims—Amoskeag, 32½; Haymaker 2-inch, 37½@42½; do Brown, 40; Manchester, 37½; Uncasville, 33½; Suffolk, 33; Warren Brown, 37; Boston Manufacturing Company 32½; Thorndike, 33; Hillsborough Brown, 35. Brown Drills —Amoskeag, 25; Pepperell, 26; Stark A 28; Winthrop, 26; Bennington, 25; Globe, 24. Prints —Merrimack W, 22; do. D, 21; Cocheco L, 21; Sprague's Frocks, 21; Richmond, 19; American, 16½; Dannells, 18; Allen's, 17½; Garner A 16; do, 15; Amoskeag, 17, Arnold's, 15½; Lowell, 15½; Dutchess B, 15; Wamsutta, 14½; Sprague's, 16½; Atlantic 4-4, 19½; York do 16; Amoskeag do, 16. Print Cloths, extra unbleached, 45, extra bleached colored Damask's, 45.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, April 21.—There has been a better feeling and fair demand for wools during the past week, stimulated, probably, by the announcement that the Ways and Means Committee have decided to report to Congress in favor of increasing the tariff rates on the foreign staple. Though this measure may not have the immediate effect to enhance prices, it will undoubtedly exert sufficient influence on the market to prevent a foreign decline. Hence, holders of both foreign and domestic staple are less shaky, and buyers more disposed to operate with a view to the future exigencies of consumption.

The stocks of wool, both here and other points upon the seaboard, are being rapidly reduced, and, though there is a large proportion of the old crop to come forward to bridge over the between-season period, the new clip must unquestionably come upon a rather bare market. But holders, as a general thing, at this advanced stage of the season, are full as ready to sell as consumers are to buy. Under ordinary circumstances, the former are generally anxious to close out stocks, settle up their accounts and prepare for the next campaign, having their resources well in hand.

Sales of domestic for the week foot up some 650,000 pounds at about the previous range of 45@70c for fleece, and 35@62½c for the various grades of pulled. The transactions have been mostly in medium-sized lots, at prices which indicate but little variation in tone. Included are several lots of choice selected and double extra Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia fleece at 65@70c, the outside figure being generally accepted among holders of this description. In foreign wool, there is a firmer feeling in view of enhanced tariff rates, but the sales do not as yet exhibit any variation in prices.—*Bulletin.*

New York Wool Market.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The improvement in feeling noticed in our last two issues has been lost, and the market has again become heavy for domestic fleeces, prices ruling in favor of the buyer. There are quite a number of manufacturers in town, but in view of the anomalous condition of the goods market, they find but little encouragement to buy largely, and therefore do not take hold with any degree of freedom, but confine their purchases mostly to small lots, which are generally picked up at low figures. Coarse fleeces are not wanted, and could not be sold to any extent except at a sacrifice. In foreign wool only a moderate business is doing, and in this particularly of the inferior grades, are almost nominal. There is almost no inquiry for common, and the few bids making are generally at prices below the cost of importation, which are accordingly, in most cases, rejected. The finer sorts are held with comparative firmness, yet the sales are generally at prices leaving a fair profit. The sales for the week comprise 215,000 pounds State and western fleece at from 50 to 64c, cash, mainly at 59@60c for medium and fine fleeces; 3,000 lbs Southern at 36@50c; 50,000 lbs unwashed, part at 38@41c; 50,000 lbs pulled, 37½@38c; 100,000 lbs Texas, 18@28c, but mostly at 24; 21,000 lbs California, 29@37½; 200 bales Cape, 28@35c, gold; 300 do Mestiza, 28@34c, gold. By auction, 75 bales Cape damaged, sold at 18½@30c, and 22 do Mestiza, do 18@22½c. *Com. List.*

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 23.—Flour firm but quiet, and prices unchanged. Superfine, $7,50@7,75, Extra, $8,50@9,00, Family, $9,50@10,00, and Fancy, $10,50@12,50. Wheat scarce and prices higher; No. 1 Red, $2,30@2,35, No. 1 Old Red, $2,25@2,40, and choice do, $2,50. Corn in demand at 84@85c in bulk, and 85@86c in gunnies. Oats scarce, and No. 1 are held at 45c in elevator, and No. 2 at 44c. Rye firm at 75@76c Barley quiet at $1,30@1,36. Whisky $2,22 duty paid, and $2,24 in bond. Provisions firmer with some speculative feeling. There was a good demand for Mess Pork, at $26,50, and for Lard at 18@18½, but holders generally are not disposed to sell at these rates, and are not offering. Bulk Meats and Bacon are ¼c higher; Shoulders, 10½c, and Sides, 13@13½c higher. Packed Bacon 12½@13½c, fair demand. Clover and Timothy seed dull with not enough doing to establish prices. Butter firmer at 30@35c for Prime to Choice Fresh. Eggs 19c. Gold, 126.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Flour dull. Wheat active; sales at 45@47½c for No. 1. Corn active, at 43c. Oats quiet, at 28@29c for No. 1; 24@26c for No. 2. Barley in moderate demand, at $2,30@2,70. Provisions firm; Mess Pork $25@25,75. Lard firm, at 18½@18¾c. Receipts—Flour, 7,000 bbls. Wheat 21,000 bush.; Corn 11,000 bush.; Oats, 15,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 4,000 bbls. Wheat 15,000 bush.; Corn 35,000 bush.; Oats 10,000 bush. Freights steady.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, April 23, 1866.

The produce markets were quiet and comparatively dull to-day, owing partially to the wet and inclement condition of the weather, but mainly to the fact, that there has been a reaction in the eastern markets, and, as compared with the early part of last week, prices are a shade lower.

ASHES—There is a continued good demand for Pearl Ash, and the market is firm, with small sales at 20@?5. Pots firm and a shade higher; quote at 5@5½, on track, and 5@6c from store. Barley is in better demand and looking up, though, as yet unchanged. Rye is quoted at 75@?5.

FLOUR—Is quiet but firm, and prices are pretty well sustained. Small sales from store at $9,@9½ for Spring Wheat; $10½@10¾ for half spring and half Winter; and $10¾@11, for Winter Wheat brands. Rye Flour is quiet at 4½, per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and unchanged at 13 for Shoulders; 15@15½ for Ribbed Sides; and 20@20½ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is held firmly at 18@19 for prime kettle rendered, and Dried Beef at 24. Mess Pork is nominal at $27½@28.

POTATOES—The arrivals continue liberal, and, with a supply largely in excess of the demand, the market is dull, and prices are weak and drooping. Prime Peach Blows are selling in a regular way from store at $1,10@1,15 per bush, and $4,20@4,25 per bbl. Sale of 1000 bush Chicago Potatoes, in bulk, on track, at 80; and 1 car Peach Blows at $2,75 per bbl.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is selling in small lots at 6½, per bushel. No Timothy in market. Flaxseed is wanted at 2½.

BUTTER—Is coming in more freely, and as the demand is falling off somewhat, prices are receding, and good to prime Roll cannot be quoted above 28@30.

EGGS—Dull, with a supply somewhat in excess of the demand. 20 cents seems to be the ruling figure.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples steady with a fair demand at 13 to 15 cts, as to quality. Peaches may be quoted at 15 to 17 for quarters, and 20 to 22 for halves.

CHEESE—Goshen is firm at 24@25.

PIG LEAD—Sale of 100 pigs at 9¾.

HAY—Comes in very slowly, and with a fair demand, prices are pretty well maintained. Sales at scales at 25 to $30 per ton.

BEANS—Dull but unchanged. Small sales of prime White at $1,75 per bush.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, April 23, 1866.

CRUDE—The market for crude continues a little dull and weak, owing mainly to the almost certainty of an immediate resumption of navigation between here and Oil City, although there is no change in prices—13 to 13½, bbls returned, and in bulk, and 18 to 28½, bbls included. Sale of 700 to 900 bbls (42 gravity) to arrive, at 13½; 2000 bbls, in bulk, to arrive, at 13½@13¾, to arrive, at 13; and 500 bbls, on the spot, at 13, bbls returned. Advices from Oil City report Crude steady at that point at $4,10 to $4,25 per bbl, according to gravity. Refiners seem disposed to hold off again, entertaining hopes that by so doing they will be forced to force crude dealers to make further concessions.

REFINED—Continues quiet but steady, with considerable inquiry both for present and future delivery at a slight reduction from the rates current for some days past, but refiners are pretty well sold up, and refuse to make concessions to effect sales. An offer was made for a sale of 500 bbls for May delivery in Philadelphia, at 40, and 1000 bbls, for June, at 42. July delivery may be quoted at 46. August 50, and September 55@60. The demand for Free Oil continues very meagre, being restricted almost entirely to supplying the immediate wants of the local trade.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of Crude by the Allegheny River since our last report, were as follows:

Fisher & Bro	80	W. P. Logan	134
Brewer & Burke	191	H. McKelvy	146
J. T. Stockdale	538	Mawhinney & Co	339
Fawcett & Bro	750		
Total			2569

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Leni Leoti.....Hamilton .....Parkersburg.
Urilda.....Saint.....Oil City.

DEPARTURES.

Bayard.....Moore.....Parkersburg.
Peerless.....Russell.....Oil City.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Emma Grh'm, Stull.....Zanesville

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

The river is again rising slowly under the influence of the late rain; with a little over six feet in the channel by the Monongahela, and seven feet by the Allegheny marks, in the channel. The weather, which has been very warm for a number of days, changed yesterday morning about four o'clock, when a very heavy storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over the city, and yesterday it rained at intervals during the entire day. The weather became much cooler, and fires were very comfortable. Business at the wharf was tolerably dull. Freights were scarce, and tonnage plenty.

The Emma Graham, Capt. Stull arrived ten o'clock night before last, from Zanesville, with a very fair trip. She brought up Atwood's Brass Band, of Zanesville, who are here on a pleasure trip. They discovered several pieces of music at the landing before leaving the boat. They return on her to-day at four o'clock, at which hour she leaves. Those having business that way, who wish to be agreeably entertained, will make it a point to be on board in time.

A telegram from Oil City yesterday reports heavy rains in that region, and the river rising, with twenty-six inches of water in the channel. The indications for a good stage of water were so promising, that the Peerless left for the Oleagenous City last night. The other Allegheny river packets will probably resume their regular trips.

The Silver Cloud, Capt. John Conway, which left here on Saturday evening, for St. Louis, sunk on Sunday, at Browns Island, near Steubenville. No lives were lost. It is thought that she can be raised. The Nora left yesterday for the scene of the disaster, for the purpose of taking off her freight, and returning with it to this city.

The Kate Putman, Capt. Clark, is announced to leave for Cincinnati and Louisville to-day.

The Delaware, Capt. R.W. Harton, will leave on Wednesday evening, for St. Louis, St. Paul, and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi river.

The Lorena, Capt. Sam. Shuman, Capt. Chas. Wilkins, clerk, is now loading for St. Louis, and will leave with despatch.

The petite steamer Fort Pitt, having made her winter quarters in Cuyahoga Lake, is now on her return, and may probably be found at her old landing this morning. She is commanded by the veteran Capt. (Colonel) James Scott.

The Importer, Capt. Noss, passed Cincinnati on her way to St. Louis, on Saturday, with 400 tons of freight on board.

The Messenger left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday evening, with a moderate trip. The Robt. Moore and Pine Grove were advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Monday.

The St. Louis *News*, of Friday, refers to the subject of wages as follows:

"The wages paid on most Missouri River boats are as follows: The computation is made by the month, including board and lodging; Captains, $300; first clerk, $200; second clerk, $125; two pilots, each, $250; first mate, $225; second mate, $100; first engineer, $225; second engineer, $125; two strikers, each, $80; carpenter, $150; watchman, $40; steward, $100; cook and assistants, $200; cabin boys, each, $30 to $45; chambermaid $30; chambermaid, $20. Now let it be remembered that board and lodging upon a steamboat is worth to the principal officers $50 per month more, and you will realize why it is that the river men make so much more money than any other class of the same average ability; also, why it is that boats are losing money. We are not finding fault with this river wage, for the most that we can get, by no means. To sell one's service for highest possible consideration is the right and duty of every human being, but in dull times like these, when steamboats should not be unbending in their price, and thereby compel owners to lay up their boats. Better take less and have it, than to charge more and not get it."

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.
Day Express	2:20 a m	Mail	1:50 a m
Altoona Accom'n	7:30 a m	Fast Line	2:40 a m
Cincinnati Exp's	9:00 a m	Cincinnati Exp's	10:30 a m
Mail	11:00 a m	Penn Ac'n No 1	7:00 a m
Mail & Express	2:30 p m	Mail & Express	12:30 p m
Johnstown Ac'n	2:50 p m	Johnst'n Accom.	9:50 a m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Pitts'h Erie Mail	12:35 p m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Chicago Exp's	7:30 p m
Mail	11:30 a m	Mail Accom	2:30 p m
"	4:30 p m	Pitts'h Express	2:05 p m
Pitts'h Wall's Ac'n	6:00 p m	Pitts'h Wall's Ac'n	9:30 a m
Penn Ac'n No 1	10:30 p m	Altoona Accom.	

Plain & Fancy Cassimeres—SPRING OVER-COATS.
Blank Cloth PIECES.
" " OVER-COATS.
" Doeskin PANTS and VESTS.
WASHINGTON MILLS and other makes of BLUE FLANNEL.
Black and Colored Alpaca and Drap D'Ete SACKS
Black and Colored Alpaca and Drap D'Ete PANTS and VESTS.
A Large Line of Linen and Duck DUSTERS.
" SACKS.
Satinet and Cottonade SACKS and SACK'ES.
" PANTS and VESTS.
" VESTS.
Black and Fancy VESTS—All Sizes.
The goods comprising this sale have all been made expressly for THIS SPRING and SUMMER TRADE, and the selection of very superior manufacture in French, English and American Cloths and Cassimeres, of the choicest selection. The stock is divided into suitable lots, and will contain a selected assortment of sizes. We feel confident that a similar invoice of Clothing has seldom been offered through the Auction Room, and that this sale will present superior inducements to buyers.

The commence at 10 o'clock precisely. Catalogues ready early on the morning of the sale.

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WATCHMAN'S TIME DETECTOR, for corporations and manufacturing companies capable of controlling WITH THE GREATEST EXACTNESS the motions of watchmen or patrolmen. Manufactured by E. HOWARD & CO., Boston. Send for Circular. mh29-3m

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mh29-3awlm

SHOULDER BRACES, SUSPENDERS, &c.—UTTON & BLAKE Manufacturers of Utton's Patent Shoulder Braces and Eagle Suspenders, 5 John street, Lowell, Mass. Orders solicited. W. UTTON & E. O. BLAKE.

BOSTON CORSET SKIRT CO., Manufacturers and sole proprietors of the Patent Corset Skirt, combining comfort, elegance and health. 179 Concert street, Boston. Hoop Skirts of every style and variety. Also, Corsets, and Misses' Corset Skirts. Wholesale and Retail.

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6,000 lbs. Sulph. Ether,		14,000 yds. Adhes. Plaster	
1,250 " Nitrous "		10,000 " Isinglass,	
1,000 " Chloroform,		1,000 lbs. Patent Lint,	
1,000 " Camph. Plaster,		300 " Fine Sponge,	
1,000 " Carb. Ammo'a,		3,000 " Farina,	
1,000 " Sal. Ammoniac,		24,000 " Essence Beef,	
1,000 gals. Alcohol,		500 " Gelatin,	
1,000 " Spts. Vini,		1,000 W. W. Mortars,	
20,000 lbs. Sulph. Cinchonia,		400 Pr. Scales,	
		5,000 Spatulas,	
5,000 " Camphin,		1,000 lbs. Caoutchouc,	
3,000 lbs. Extracts,		1,500 U. S. P. Blankets,	
6,000 " Cerates,			

Together with a general supply of Chemicals, Medicines, Hospital Stores, Druggists' Furnishing Articles, &c., provided for Government Hospitals. Goods can be examined two days prior to sale. Catalogues ready.

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